CGMS-XXXI JMA-WP-03 Prepared by JMA Agenda Item: B.2 Discussed in Plenary

S<u>tatus</u>TATUS of OF BackupACKUP Operation PERATION of GMS-5 withWITH GOES-9

This paper reports on the status of the backup operation of GMS-5 with GOES-9, that was started on 22 May 2003 in cooperation with NOAA/NESDIS.

No action is required on this subject.

Status of Backup Operation of GMS-5 with GOES-9STATUS OF BACKUP OPERATION OF GMS-5 WITH GOES-9

JMA started backup operation <u>of</u>on GMS-5 with GOES-9 on 22 May 2003 in cooperation with NOAA/NESDIS <u>as the measure for continuation of the</u>to ensure continuous earth observations over the western pacific. JMA discontinued the observations with GMS-5 and initiated the utilization of GVAR data obtained withfrom GOES-9 operated by NOAA/NESDIS at 155E degrees above the equator. Since thenThanks to this backup operation, JMA <u>has produced could continue to provide satellite cloud images and related</u>the meteorological products such as <u>A</u>atmospheric <u>M</u>motion <u>Vectors (AMVs) from the GVAR data, wind as ever and provided users with the WEFAX pictures and the Stretched-VISSR (S-VISSR) data converted from the GVAR data-to-users. The backup operation with GOES-9 will be continued until MTSAT-1R, the successor to GMS-5, will starts its normal operation. <u>GOES-9 is operated at 155E degrees above the equator by NOAA/NESDIS.</u> The daily observation schedule of GOES-9 Imager is shown in Attachment 1.</u>

Upon reception JMA converts each GOES-9 GVAR data to GMS-5 S-VISSR format then the converted data are processed and various satellite products are produced and distributed to users. In the conversion process, each image data undergo re-projection, i.e. pixels are rearrayed so as to make an image that fits into grid frame viewed from GMS-5 stationed at nominal point of 140E degrees above the equator.

JMA transmits WEFAX pictures for SDUSs and S-VISSR data for MDUSs continuously during backup operation with GOES-9. However as for both WEFAX and S-VISSR services, only hourly full disk observation data are utilized. The WEFAX pictures converted from GVAR data are disseminated to Small-scale Data Utilization Stations (SDUSs) via GMS-5 stationed at 140E degrees above the equator. Users of WEFAX are able to obtain those pictures with use oflusing existing facilityies without any modification. The dissemination schedule for the WEFAX converted from GOES-9 GVAR data is the same as that of the GMS-5's service - (The WEFAX dissemination schedule is shown in Attachment 2.)-

<u>The b</u>Broadcasting service of S-VISSR data via GMS-5 was <u>suspendeddiscontinued</u> after <u>when</u> the backup–operation started. In place of S-VISSR dissemination via GMS-5, S-VISSR type data files are being disseminated <u>to registered National Meteorological and</u> <u>Hydrological Services (NMHSs) viathrough landline</u> (the Internet/<u>FTP</u>) with the RSMC (Regional Specialized Meteorological Center (RSMMSC) data server of JMA (refer to JMA-WP-11). At present, only IR1 (10.5-11.5µµm) channel data <u>are is being</u> provided, and <u>registered NMHSs are permitted to access to the server is restricted to one station of NMHS</u> for each country because of limited capacity of the Internet bandwidth. S-VISSR type data files are posted on the RSMC data server in about 10-15 minutes after the end finishing observation from of each GOES-9 observation.

Performance of dissemination of WEFAX and S-VISSR of JMA from May through August this year2003 are shown in the following tables.

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	PLANS	OMISSIONS	OUTPUTS	PERFORMANCE
MAY-2003	817	0	779	95.3%
JUNE-2003	2520	0	2485	98.6%
JULY-2003	2604	0	2582	99.2%
AUG-2003	2604	184	2414	99.8%

Table 1: WEFAX Dissemination Performance

*PLANS – Number of routine WEFAX dissemination.

*OMISSIONS - Number of canceled WEFAX dissemination. (GOES-9 Eclipse etc.)

*OUTPUTS – Number of WEFAX dissemination.

*PERFORMANCE - OUTPUTS / (PLANS - OMISSIONS)

Table 2: S-VISSR Dissemination Performance

	PLANS	OMISSIONS	OUTPUTS	PERFORMANCE	
MAY-2003	234	0	227	97.0%	
JUNE-2003	720	0	714	99.2%	
JULY-2003	744	0	736	98.9%	
AUG-2003	744	54	686	99.4%	

*PLANS -- Number of GOES-9 routine full disk observation

*OMISSIONS -- Number of GOES-9 canceled observation. (GOES-9 Eclipse etc.)

*PLANS Number of routine <u>S-VISSR</u>GOES-9 routine full disk observation dissemination.

*OMISSINS Number of GOES-9 canceled <u>S-VISSR dissemination.observation</u>. (GOES-9 Eclipse etc.)

*OUTPUTS – Number of WEFAX or S-VISSR dissemination.

*PERFORMANCE - OUTPUTS / (PLANS - OMISSIONS)

Attachment 1.

UTC	0 10	2	0	30	40 I	50	60
00	0 <u>1</u> SHORT FULL	17 DISK	25	FULL	DISK (GO1)	52	
01	0 <u>1 1</u> PAC9		25	FULL	DISK (GO2)	52	
02	01 SHORT FULL	17 DISK	25	FULL	DISK (GO3)	52	
03	01 SHORT FULL	17 DISK	25	FULL	DISK (GO4)	52	
04		1 <u>3</u>	FULL DISK	(G05)	40	49 FULL	DISK
05	(WIND OBSERVA	16 TION)	25	FULL	DISK (GO6)	52	
06	01 SHORT FULL	17 DISK	25	FULL	DISK (G07)	52	
07	01 1 PAC9		25	FULL	DISK (GO8)	52	
08	01 SHORT FULL	17 DISK	25	FULL	DISK (GO9)	52	
09	0 <u>1</u> SHORT FULL	17 DISK	25		DISK (G10)	52	
10		13	FULL DISK	(G11)	40	49 FULL	DISK
11	(WIND OBSERVA	16 TION)	25		DISK (G12)	52	
12	01 SHORT FULL	17 DISK	25	FULL	DISK (G13)	52	
13	0 SHORT FULL	17 DISK	5	FULL	DISK (G14)	52	
14	01 SHORT FULL	17 DISK	25	FULL	DISK (G15)	52	
15	01 SHORT FULL	17 DISK	25		DISK (G16)	52	
16		13	FULL DISK		40	49 FULL	DISK
17	(WIND OBSERVA	16 TION)	25	FULL	DISK (G18)	52	
18	01 SHORT FULL	17	25		DISK (G19)	52	
19	01 1 PAC9		25		DISK (G20)	52	
20	01 SHORT FULL	17 DISK	25		DISK (G21)	5	
21	01 SHORT FULL	17 DISK	25		DISK (G22)	52	
22		13	FULL DISK		40	4 <u>9</u> FULL	DISK
23	(WIND OBSERVA	<u>1</u> 6	25		ILL DISK	52	

GOES-9 IMAGER OBSERVATION SCHEDULE

SHORT FULL DISK : Northen hemisphere observation PAC9 : East Asia observation

*This table was made by JMA based on information from NOAA/NESDIS.

Attachment 2.

CGMS-XXXI JMA-WP-03 WEFAX DISSEMINATION SCHEDULE

UTC	0	10	20	30	40 I	50	6
00	H. I–00		A, B, C, D-00	GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G01)	
01		_		GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G02)	
02	H, I–01 H. I–02	M/T	K, L, M, N-00	GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G03)	
03	H, I-02		A, B, C, D–03	GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G04)	
04	H, I-03			SK OBSERVATION	(G05)		H-05
)5	11, 1 04			GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G06)	11 03
06	H. I-06	_	A, B, C, D–06	GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G07)	
)7	H. I-07		A, D, O, D-00	GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G08)	
08	H. IorJ-08	I M/T	1	GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G09)	
)9	H. IorJ-09	,	A, B, C, D–09	GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G10)	
10	H, J–10			SK OBSERVATION	(G11)		H-11
11	11, 0 10			GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G12)	1 1
12	H, J–12		A, B, C, D-12	GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G13)	
13	H, J-13		K, L, M, N–12	GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G14)	
14	H, J-14	-	Ν, Δ , Μ, Ν ΙΖ	GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G15)	
15	H, J-15		A, B, C, D-15	GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G16)	
16	H. J–16			DISK OBSERVATION	l (G17)		H–17
17	11, 0 10			GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G18)	
18	H, J–18	_	A, B, C, D-18	GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G19	
19			A, D, U, D-10	GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G20)	
20	H, J-19			GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G21)	
21	H, J-20			GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G22)	
22	H, IorJ-21		A, B, C, D-21 GOES-9 FULL	DISK OBSERVATION	(G23)		
23	H, IorJ-22			GOES-9 FU	LL DISK OBSERVATION	(G00)	H-23

Image A, B, C and D : Four-Sectrized full disk picure (IR1) Image K, L, M and N : Four-Sectrized full disk picure (IR3) Image H : Polar stereographic picture covering the Far East Area (IR1) Image I : Polar stereographic picture covering the Far East Area (VIS) Image J : Polar stereographic picture covering the Far East Area (Enhanced IR1)