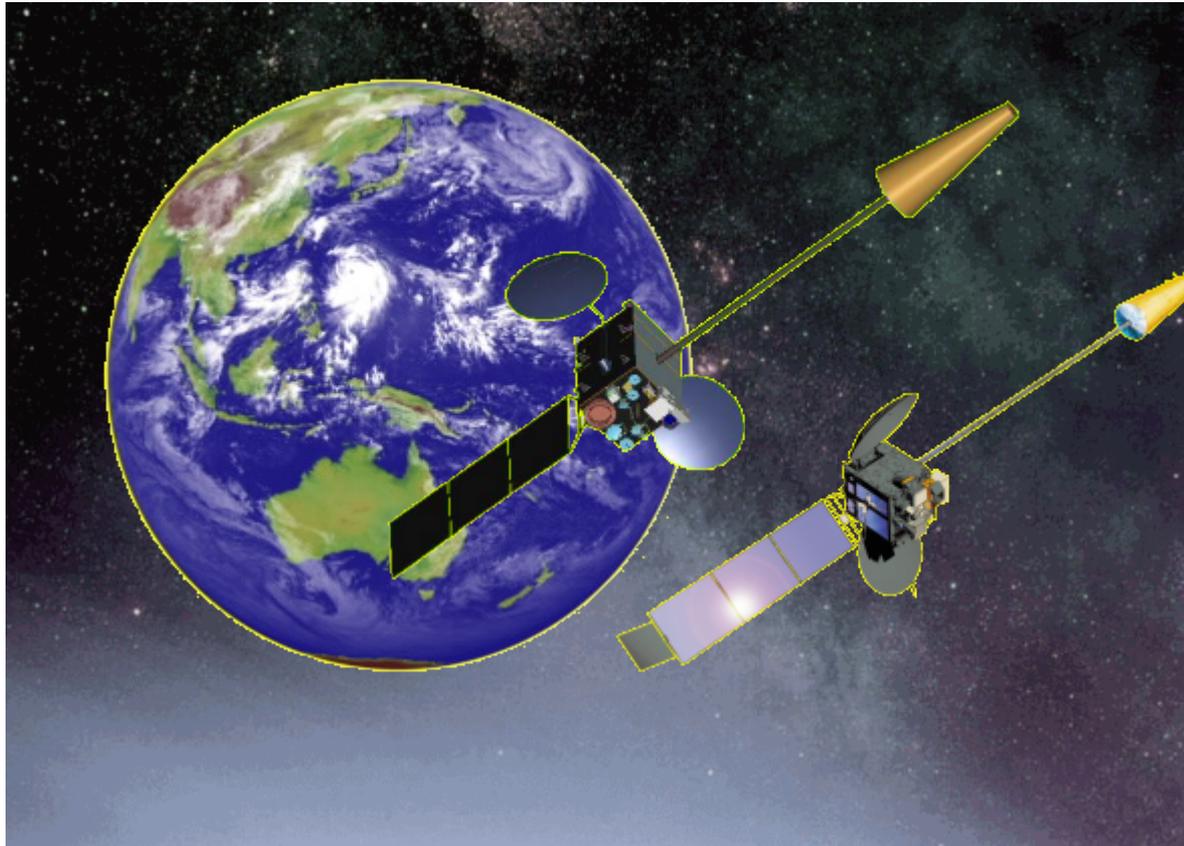


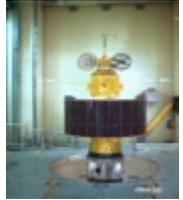
Status Report on the Current and Future Satellite Systems of Japan Meteorological Agency



Overview - Planning of Japanese GEO satellite systems

History of "Himawari"

GMS (Geostational Meteorological Satellite)

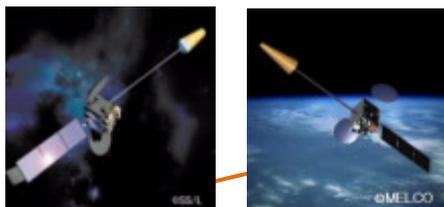
GMS (Himawari)	GMS-2 (Himawari-2)	GMS-3 (Himawari-3)	GMS-4 (Himawari-4)	GMS-5 (Himawari-5)
				
Jul 1977	Aug 1981	Aug 1984	Sep 1989	Mar 1995

(GOES-9)

Back-up operation of GMS-5 with GOES-9 by NOAA/NESDIS from May 22, 2003 to June 28, 2005

MTSAT (Multi-functional Transport SATellite)

MTSAT-1R **MTSAT-2**
(Himawari-6) (Himawari-7)



Feb 2005 Feb 2006

Himawari-8 **Himawari-9**
Himawari

2014 2016



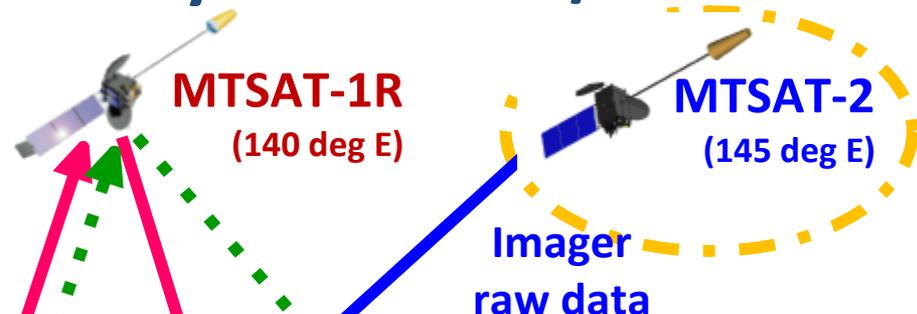
Satellite	Observation period
GMS	1978 – 1981
GMS-2	1981 – 1984
GMS-3	1984 – 1989
GMS-4	1989 – 1995
GMS-5	1995 – 2003
GOES-9	2003 – 2005
MTSAT-1R	2005 – 2010
MTSAT-2	2010 – 2015
Himawari-8	2015 – 2022
Himawari-9	2022 – 2029

Coordination Group for Meteorological Satellites

CURRENT GEO SATELLITES

Observation/Direct Broadcast Configurations and landline distribution by MTSAT-1R/2

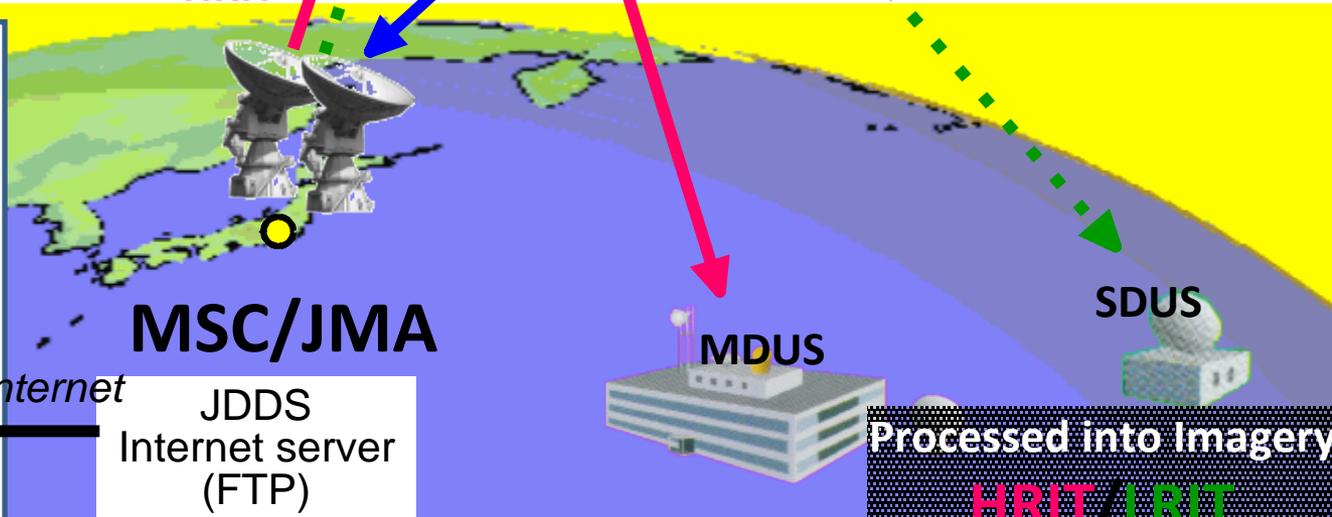
Observation by MTSAT-2 (145 deg E)
Direct Broadcast via MTSAT-1R (140 deg E)



Observed Imagery;

- 24 full disk images
- 24 northern hemisphere images
- 8 southern hemisphere images for AMVs extraction

LRIT
HRIT



Landline distribution

HRIT format data

IR-1 to 4 and VIS

Image data for SATAID

IR-1 to 4 and VIS

JPEG image file

IR-1,3,4 and VIS

Internet

MSC/JMA

JDSS
Internet server
(FTP)

MDUS

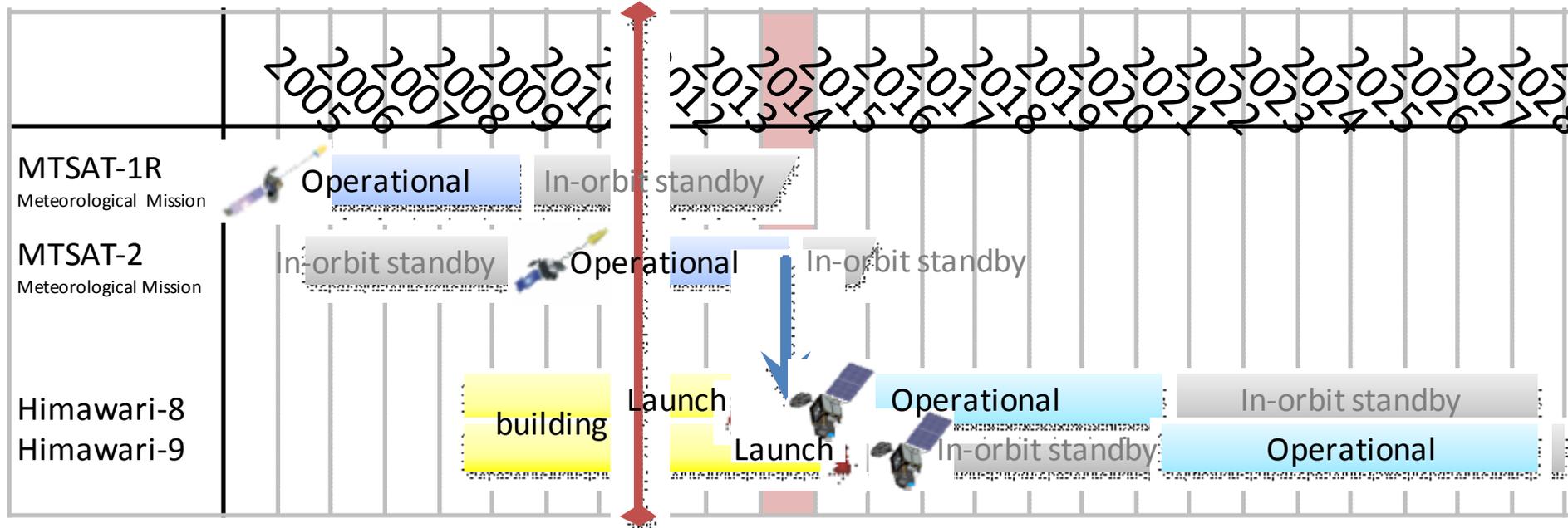
SDUS

Processed into Imagery

HRIT / LRIT

FUTURE GEO SATELLITES

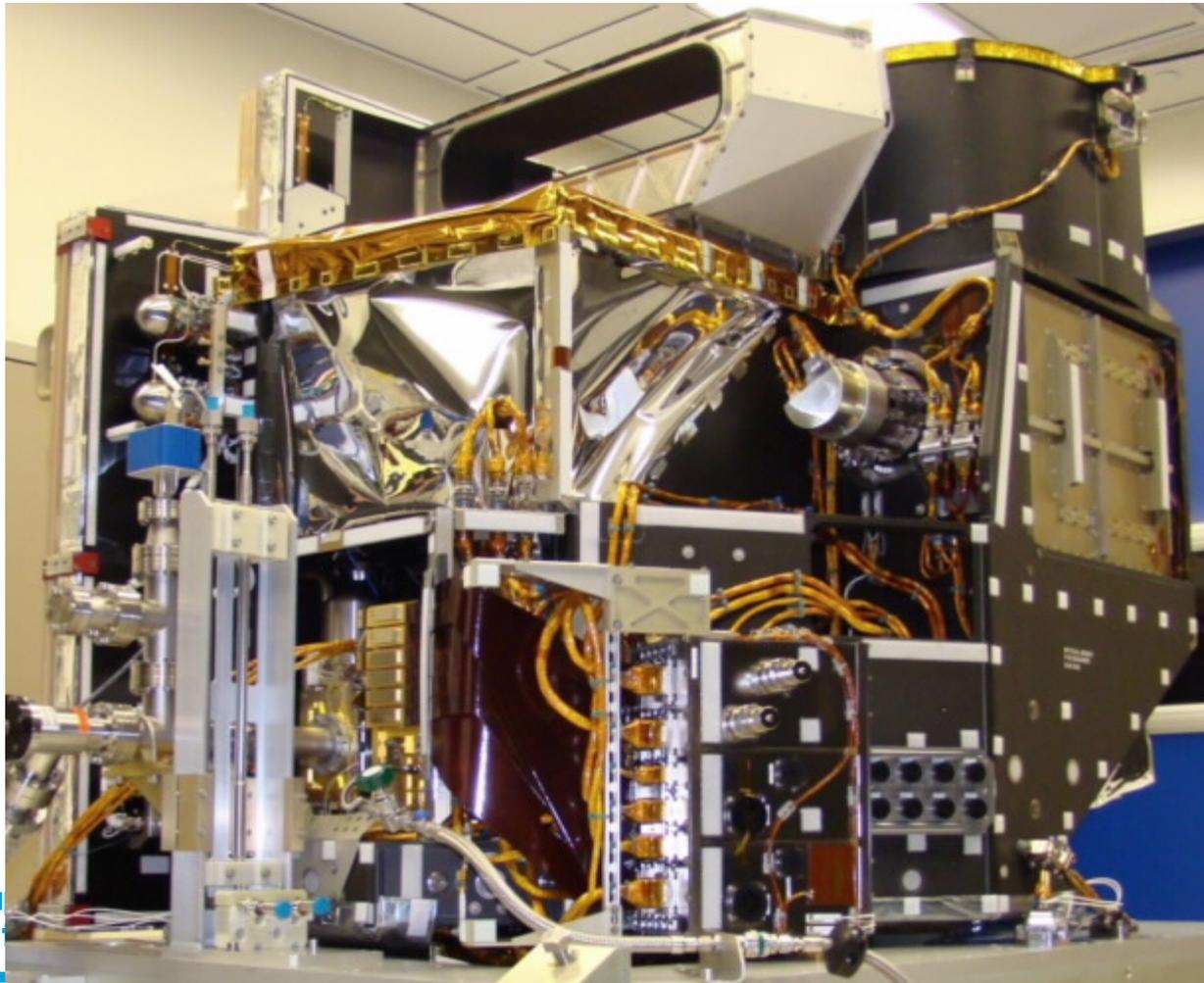
Himawari-8/9 Schedule



- JMA plans to launch **Himawari-8** in **2014** and begin its operation in **2015**
- The launch of **Himawari-9** for in-orbit standby is also scheduled in **2016**
- **Himawari-8/9** will be in operation around **140 degrees East** covering the East Asia and the Western Pacific for 15 years

FUTURE GEO SATELLITES

Advanced Himawari Imager (AHI) instruments on the Himawari-8 is under manufacturing by ITT Exellis



FUTURE GEO SATELLITES

Specification of "Himawari-8/9" Imager (AHI)

as of HIMAWARI-8/9

Band	Central Wavelength [μm]	Spatial Resolution
X 1	0.43 - 0.48	1km
2	0.50 - 0.52	1km
X 3	0.63 - 0.66	0.5km
X 4	0.85 - 0.87	1km
X 5	1.60 - 1.62	2km
X 6	2.25 - 2.27	2km
X 7	3.74 - 3.96	2km
X 8	6.06 - 6.43	2km
X 9	6.89 - 7.01	2km
X 10	7.26 - 7.43	2km
X 11	8.44 - 8.76	2km
X 12	9.54 - 9.72	2km
X 13	10.3 - 10.6	2km
X 14	11.1- 11.3	2km
X 15	12.2 - 12.5	2km
X 16	13.2 - 13.4	2km

RGB

Composited True Color Image

1.3 μm for GOES-R

Water Vapour

SO₂

O₃

Atmospheric Windows

CO₂



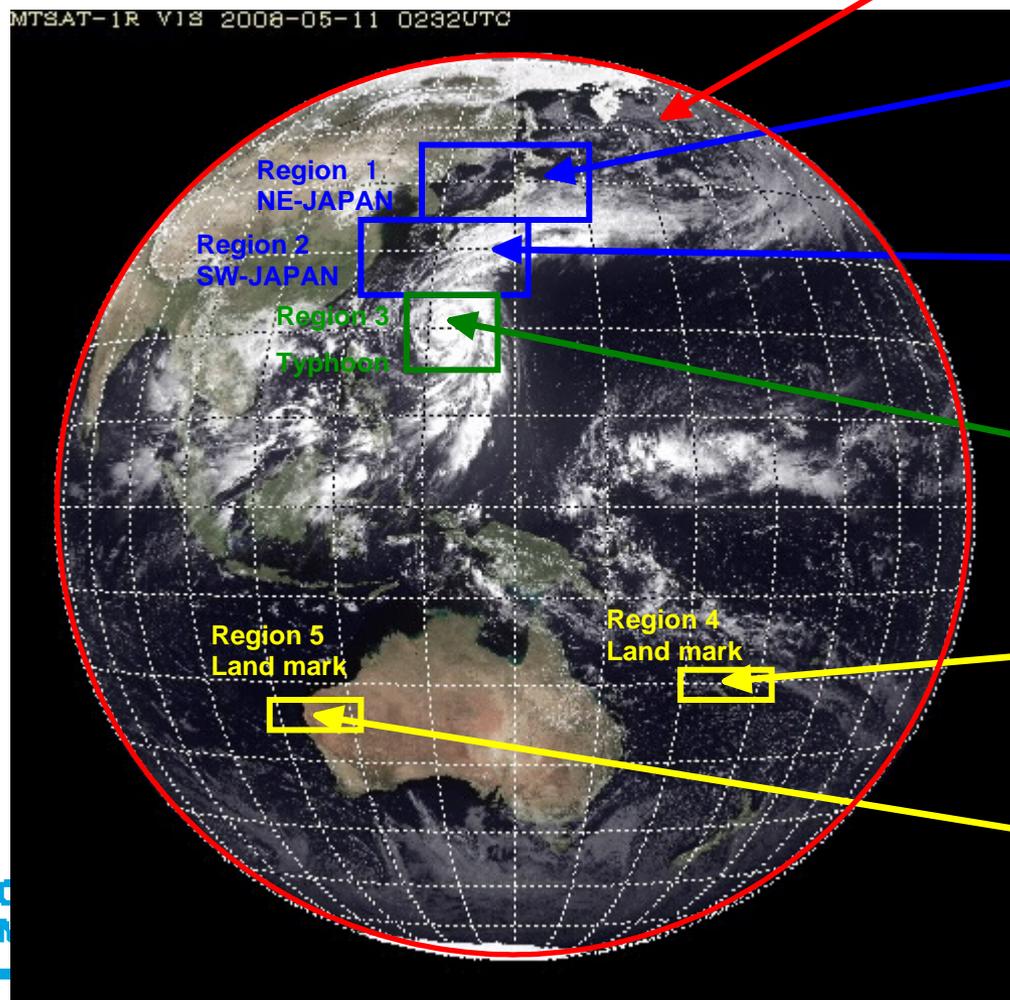
Band	Central Wavelength [μm]	Spatial Resolution
1	0.55 - 0.90	1km
2	3.50 - 4.00	4km
3	6.50- 7.00	4km
4	10.3 - 11.3	4km
5	11.5 - 12.5	4km

as of MTSAT-1R/2

X: ABI

AHI Sectored Observations in 10 minutes

MTSAT-1R VIS 2008-05-11 0232UTC



Full disk

Interval : **10 minutes** (6 times per hour)
23 swath

Region 1 JAPAN (North-East)

Interval : **2.5 minutes** (4 times in 10minutes)
Dimension : EW x NS: 2000 x 1000 km
2 swath

Region 2 JAPAN (South-West)

Interval : **2.5 minutes** (4 times in 10minutes)
Dimension : EW x NS: 2000 x 1000 km
2 swath

Region 3 Typhoon

Interval : **2.5 minutes** (4 times in 10minutes)
Dimension : EW x NS: 1000 x 1000 km
2 swath

Region 4 Land mark

Interval : **0.5 minutes** (20 times in 10minutes)
Dimension : EW x NS: 1000 x 500 km
1 swath

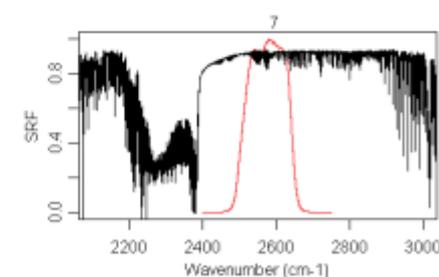
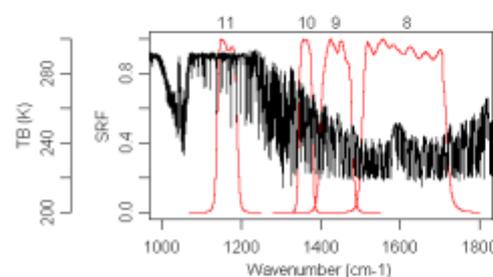
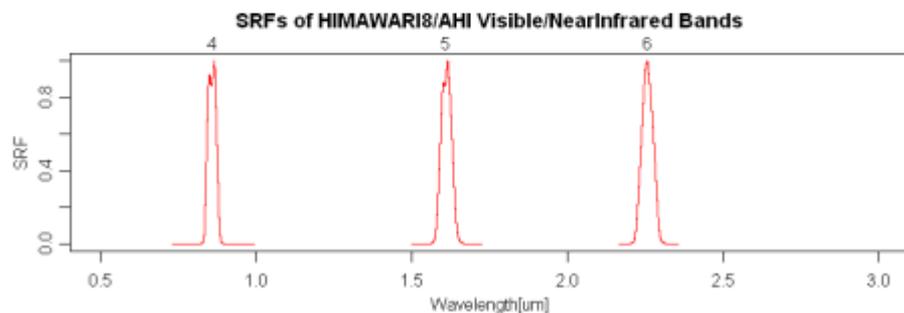
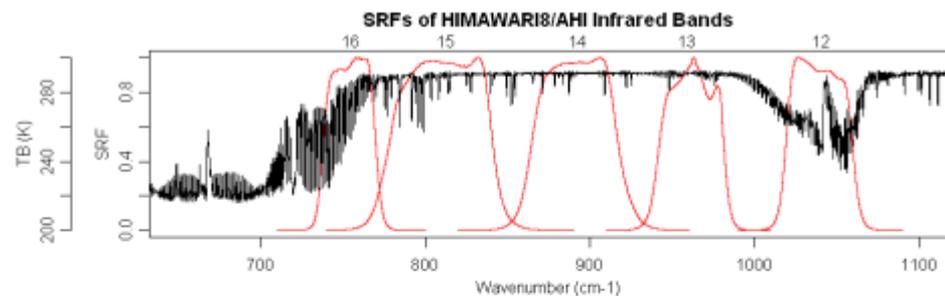
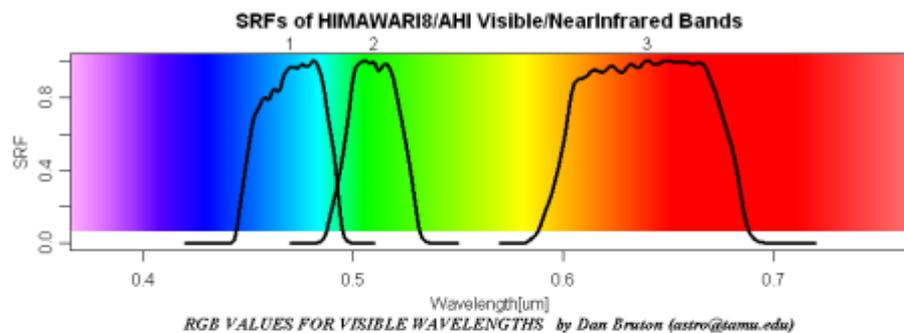
Region 5 Land mark

Interval : **0.5 minutes** (20 times in 10minutes)
Dimension : EW x NS: 1000 x 500 km
1 swath

Estimated SRFs (Spectral Response Functions) of AHI is available in JMA/MSM Web Page

(VIS, NIR)

(IR)

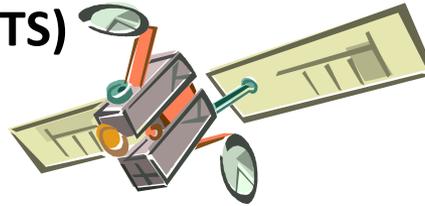


https://mscweb.kishou.go.jp/himawari89/space_segment/spsg_ahi.html

Disseminating Plan of Himawari-8/9 data (Draft)

Himawari-8/9

Commercial Telecommunication Satellite (CTS)



- Disaster areas where landlines are down
- Countries where landlines are not well-developed

Data

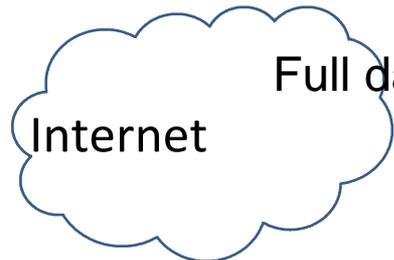


JMA



CTS Operator

C-band (3 GHz)
HRIT/LRIT compatible
data



Internet

Full data

Users with developed
Internet environment

jpeg imagery

Users with limited
Internet connection



USERS



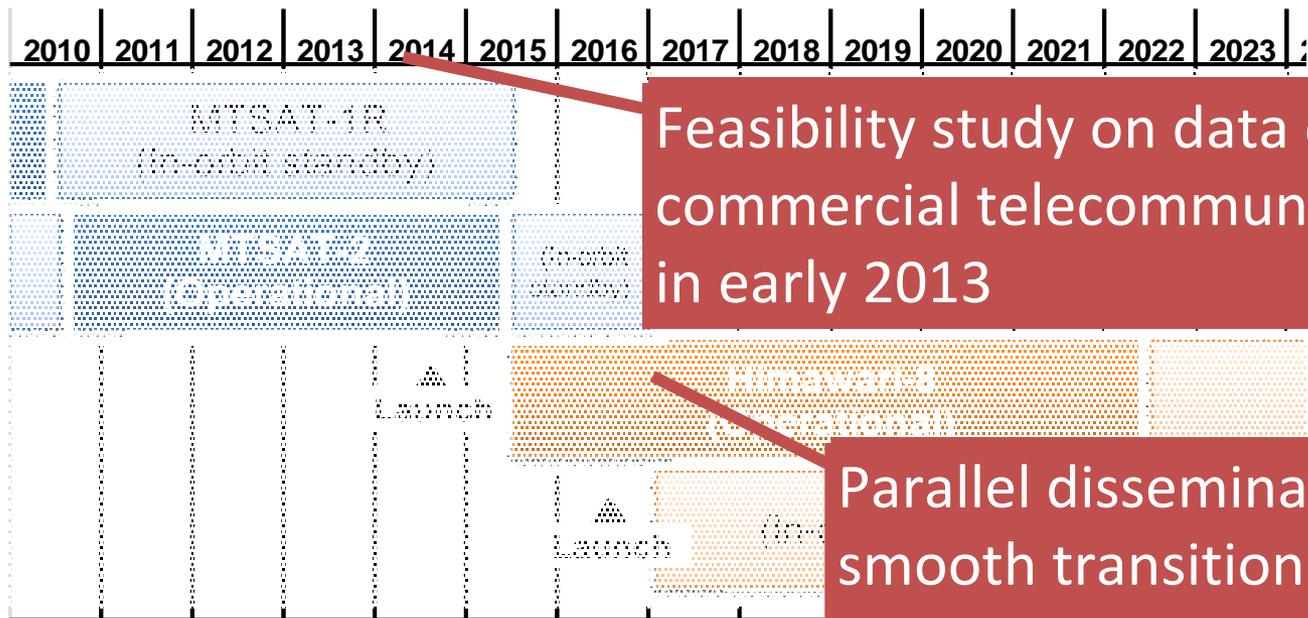
FUTURE GEO SATELLITES

Himawari-8/9 Imagery Data Dissemination via Commercial Telecommunication Satellites

Feasibility Study has just started in JMA



No budget commitment at present



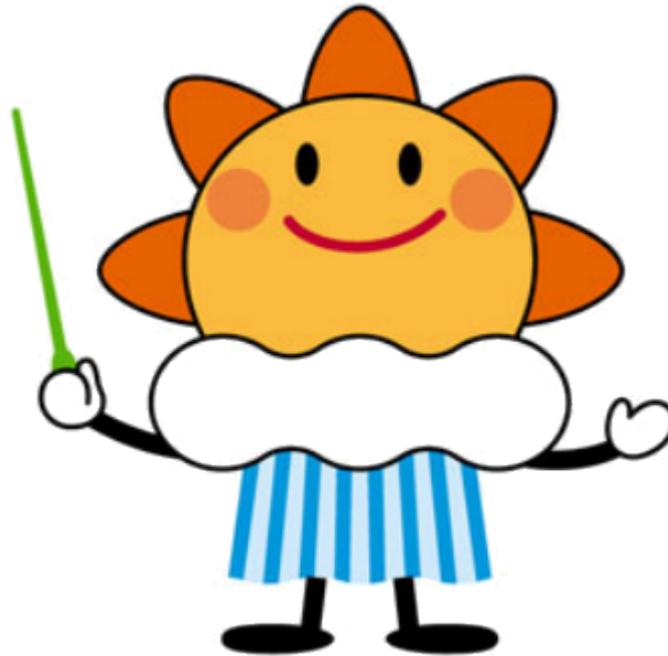
Feasibility study on data dissemination via commercial telecommunication satellites in early 2013

Parallel dissemination for users' smooth transition from MTSAT to Himawari

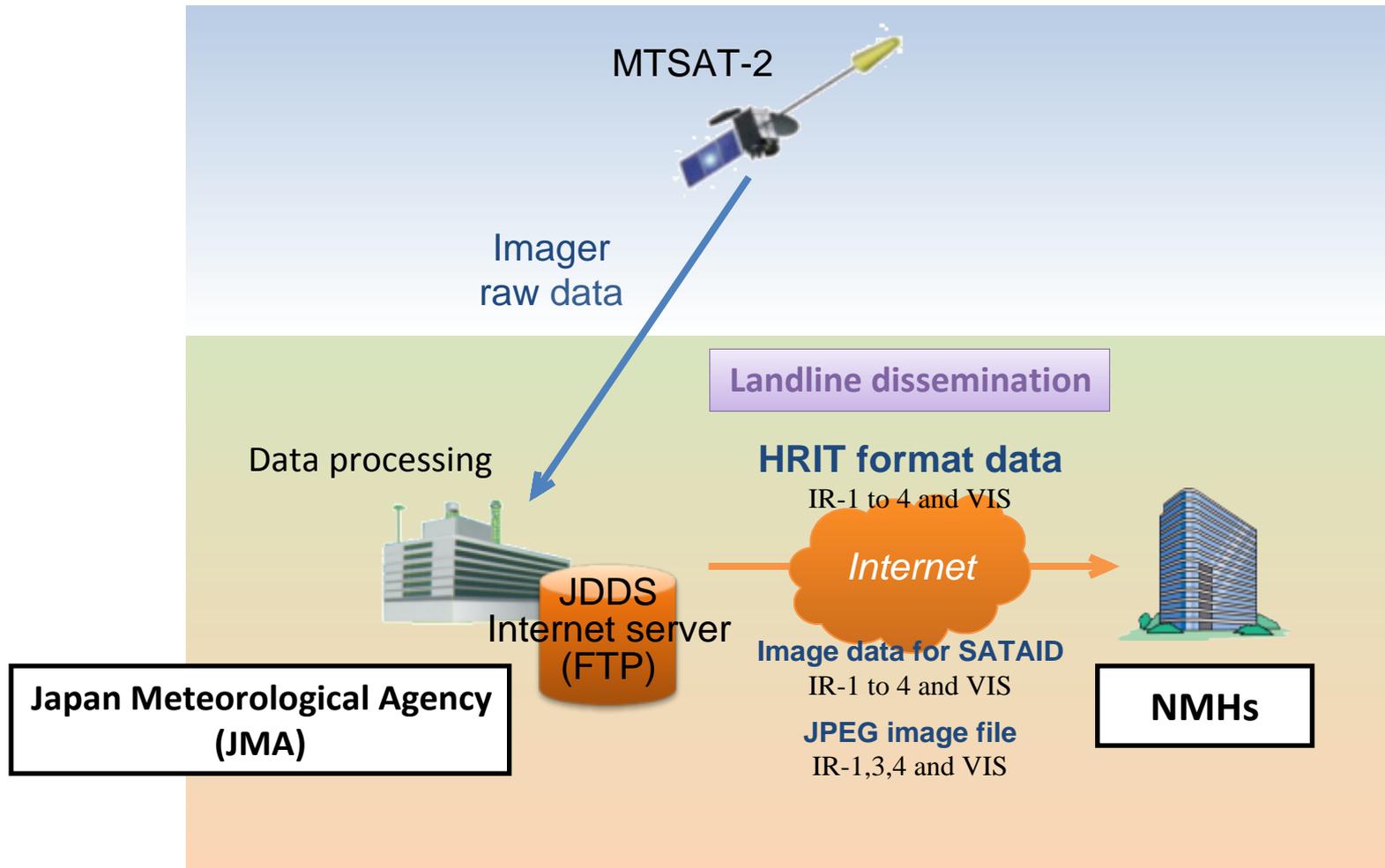
Data formats of imagery of the Himawari-8/9 (

Observation	Format	Dissemination	Remark
Full disc observation	name: TBD	- Internet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Name is to be determined - Based on HRIT - Header extended to contain more meta data - All channels - Full spatial resolutions
	HRIT file (LRIT file)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Internet - Communication Satellite 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The same format as MTSAT H/LRIT to support current MTSAT users - 5 channels correspond to MTSAT - 4 km for IR, 1 km for Vis - 10 segments for full disk image
Regional observation	name:TBD NetCDF	- Internet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - All channels - Full spatial resolutions for HSF - Latitude/longitude square grids for NetCDF

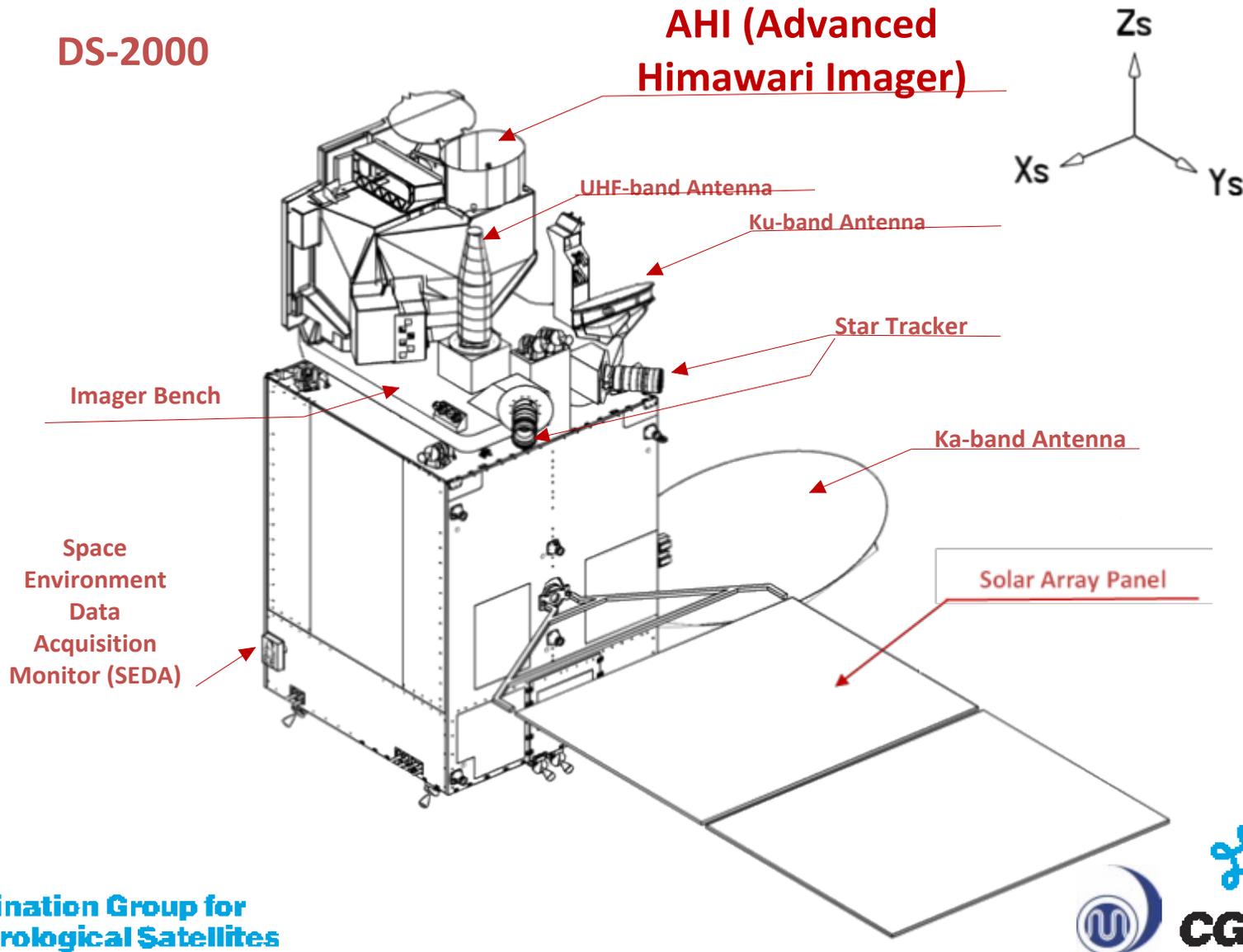
Thank You.



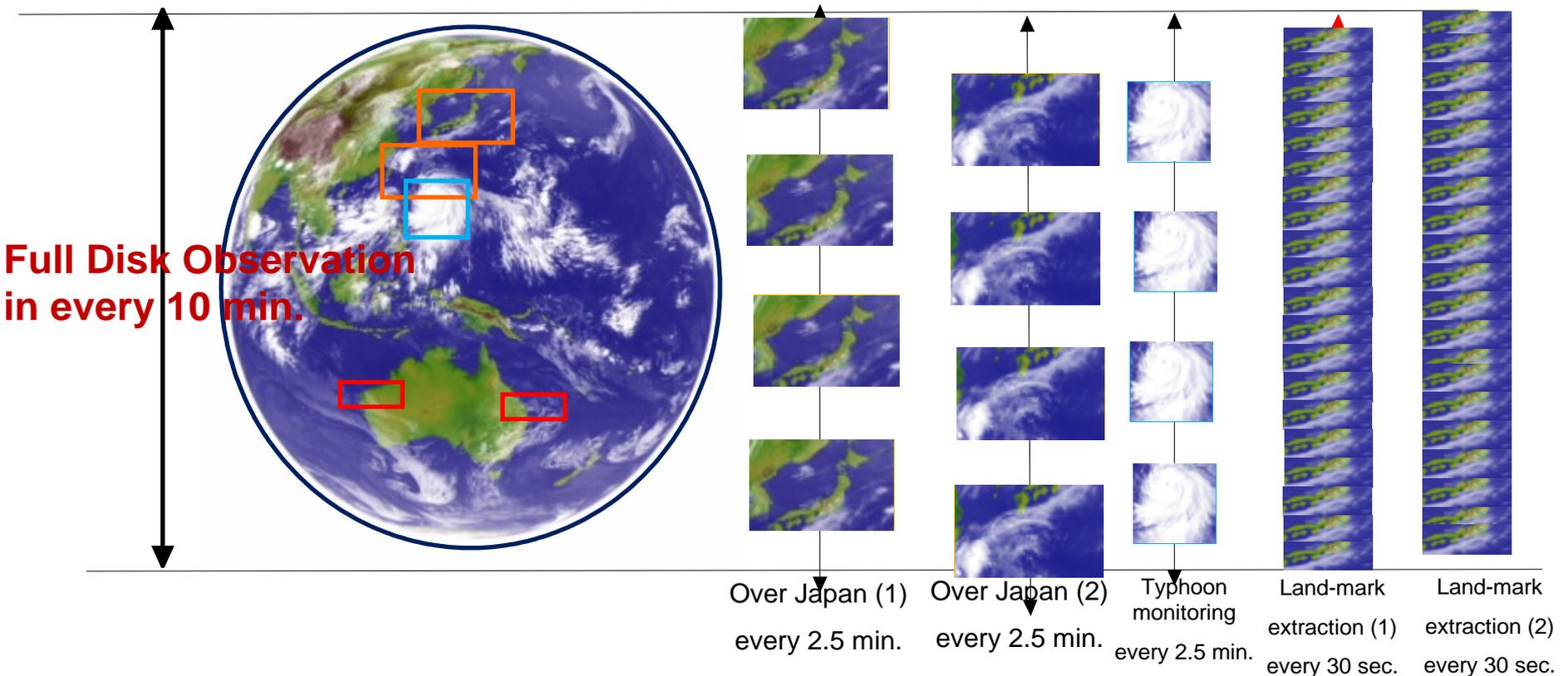
Landline dissemination service via Internet (JDDS: JMA Data Dissemination System)



Appearance of Himawari-8/9



A Sequence of Himawari-8/9 AHI Observation in 10 minutes Time Frame



A combination of one “Full Disk” and “small sectored” Imagery in 10 minutes