

CMA future prospects for radio occultation

Peng Zhang
NSMC/CMA

Presented to CGMS-[43] [Plenary & Working Group II] session, agenda item [05]

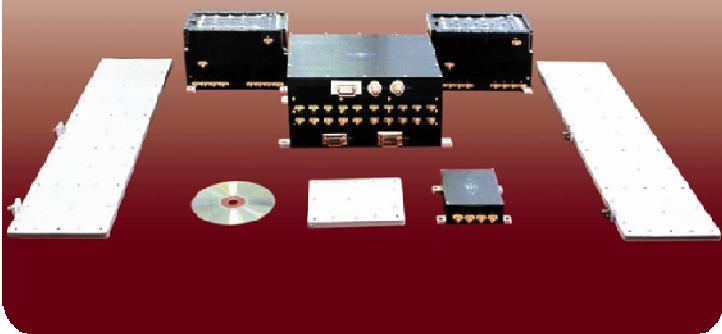
1. FY3C/GNOS overview

GNOS--Global Navigation Satellite System Occultation Sounder

First Launched on Sep.23rd, 2013



Picture of GNOS



**Coordination Group for
Meteorological Satellites**

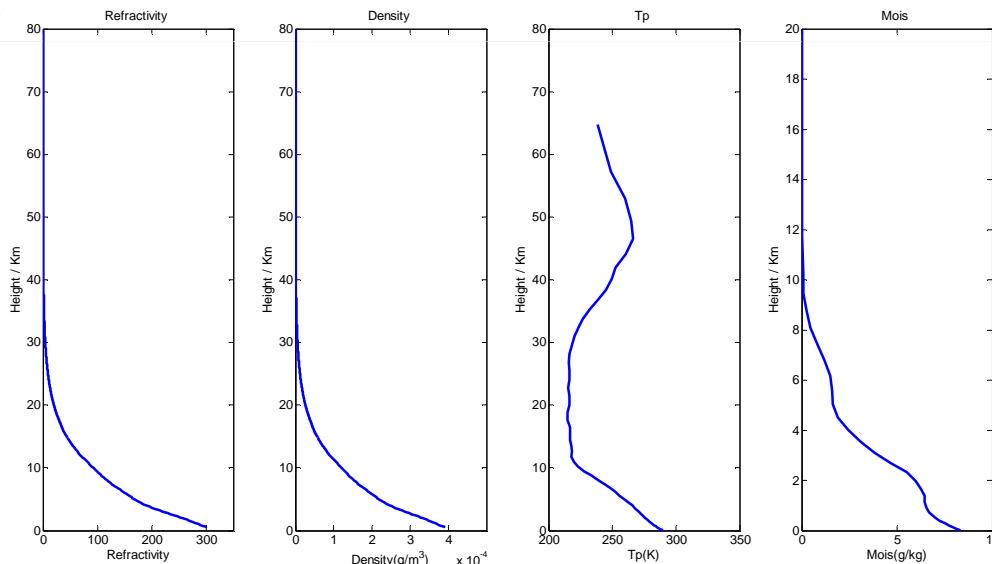
GNOS instrument parameters

Parameters	Content
Instrument mass	7.5kg
Constellation	GPS L1、L2 Beidou B1、B2
Channel number	Positioning: 8 Occultation: GPS 6 Beidou 4
Sampling rate	Positioning & Ionosphere occultation: 1Hz Atmosphere occultation: CL 50Hz OL 100Hz
Clock stability	1×10^{-12} (1secAllan)
Antenna specification	Atmosphere occultation antenna: Gain: >10dBi Antenna field of view: (El $\pm 7.5^\circ$ Az $\pm 35^\circ$) Positioning & Ionosphere occultation antenna: Gain: -1dBi Antenna field of view: $\pm 60^\circ$
Pseudorange precision	$\leq 30\text{cm}$
Carrier phase precision	$\leq 2\text{mm}$

2. GNOS Operational Products

- Products category
 - L1 Excess phase, POD
 - L2a Banding angle, Refractivity, Electron density
 - L2b Temperature, Humidity

GNOS data start from June 1st, 2014



The screenshot shows the FENGYUN Satellite Data Center interface. The top navigation bar includes links for SATELLITES, DATA, IMAGES, PRODUCTS, DOCUMENTS, TOOLS, and a search bar. On the left, there's a sidebar for "Archive" and "FY-LEO" (selected) and "FY-GEO". The main content area displays "FY-3C" data for Global Navigation Satellite System Occultation Sounder, with fields for Start Date (2015-04-13), End Date (2015-04-14), Time Range (Each Day), and Spatial Sel (Please click to select Spatial range...). A "Data Overview>>" button is also present. To the right, there's a "Statistics" section showing download statistics since 2005 and a "SATellite TRACK" map showing the global coverage of various FY series satellites. A sidebar on the right lists "Orbit Parameters" and "CAL" information, along with the "DCPC/NSMC" logo.

<http://satellite.cma.gov.cn/portalsite/default.aspx>

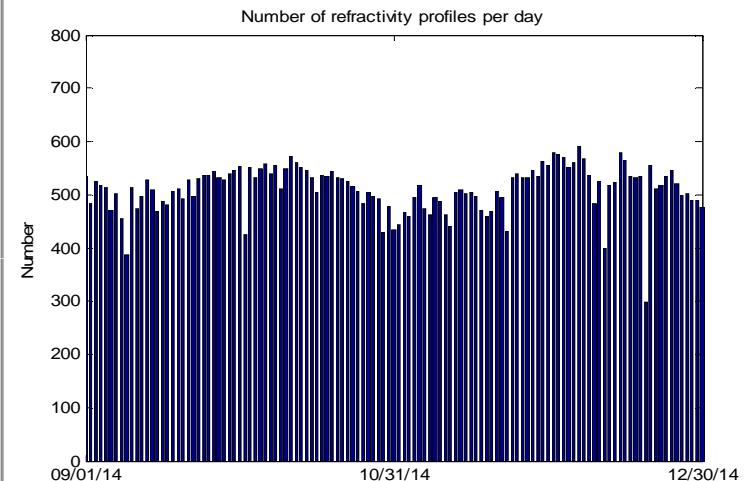
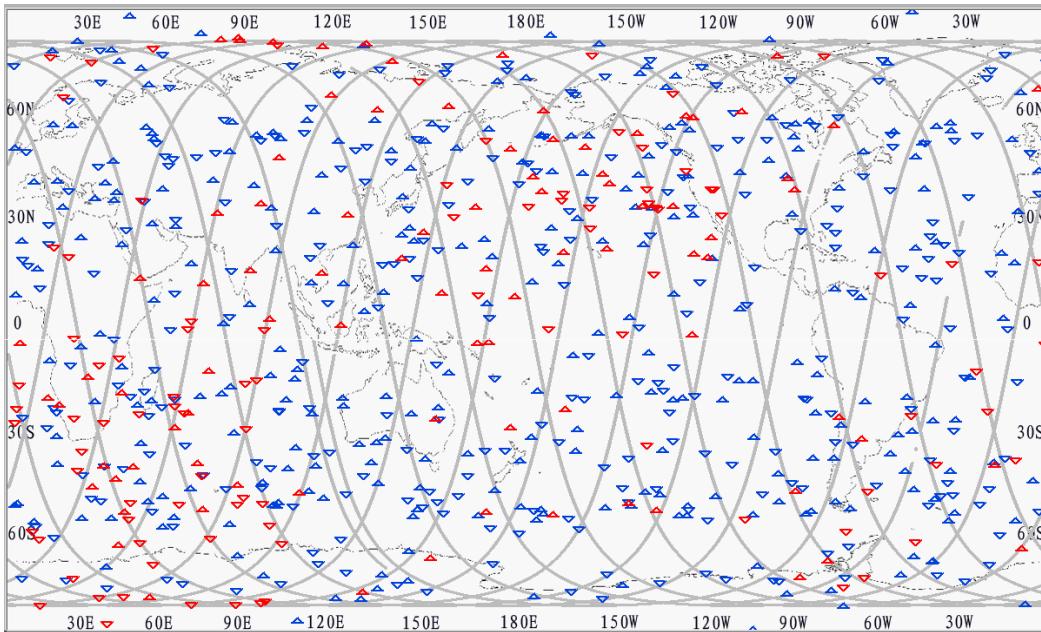
Dissemination ways

- Web-based service
- CMACAST
- GTS

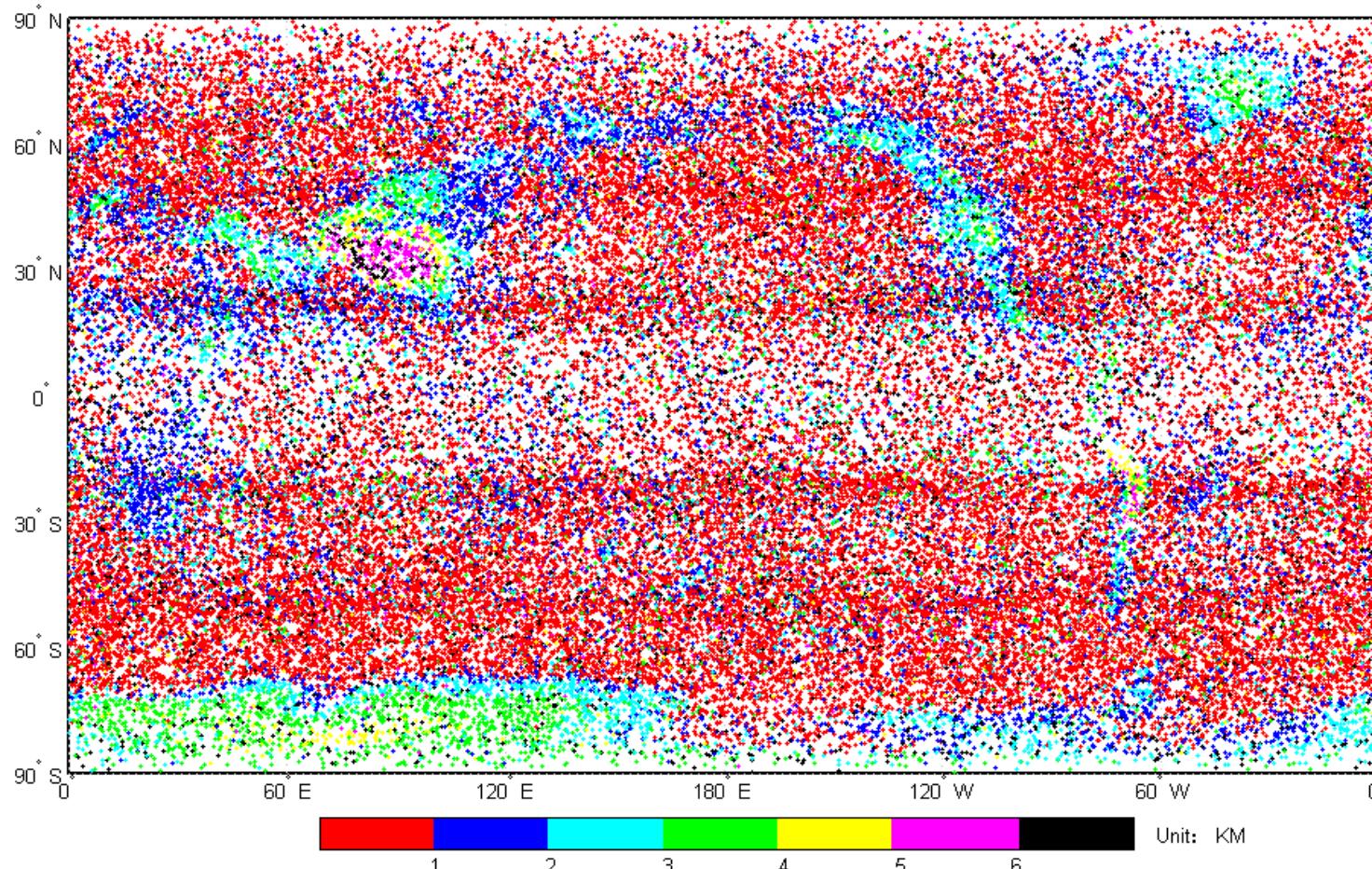


CGMS

Daily Occultation events



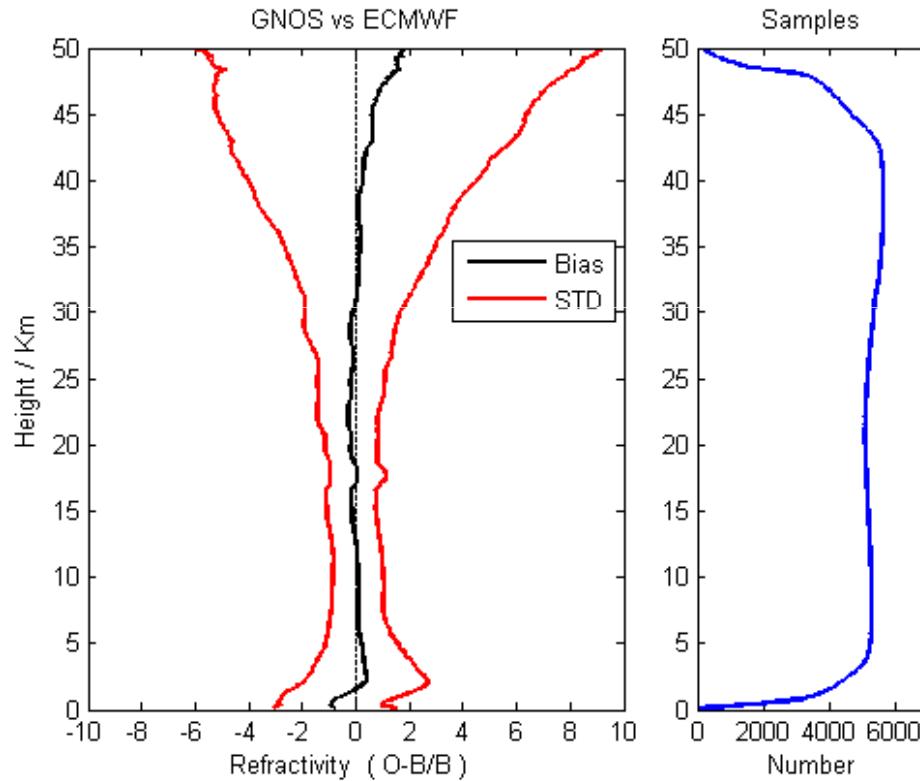
- Blue is GPS (552 times), Red is BDS(184 times)
- Only shows GNOS/GPS processing stream in operation ([GPS parameters from IGS web](#))
- About 500 refractivity profiles per day



**the distribution of radio occultation spots from January 1, 2014 to
June 30, 2014**

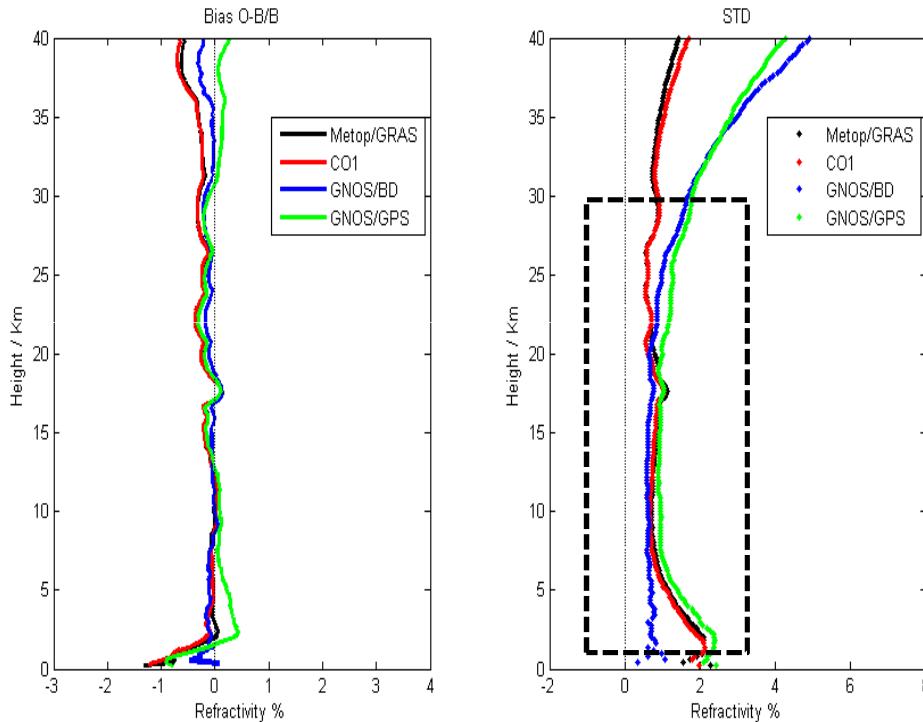
3. Results Validation

- GNOS/GPS Compare with ECMWF reanalysis



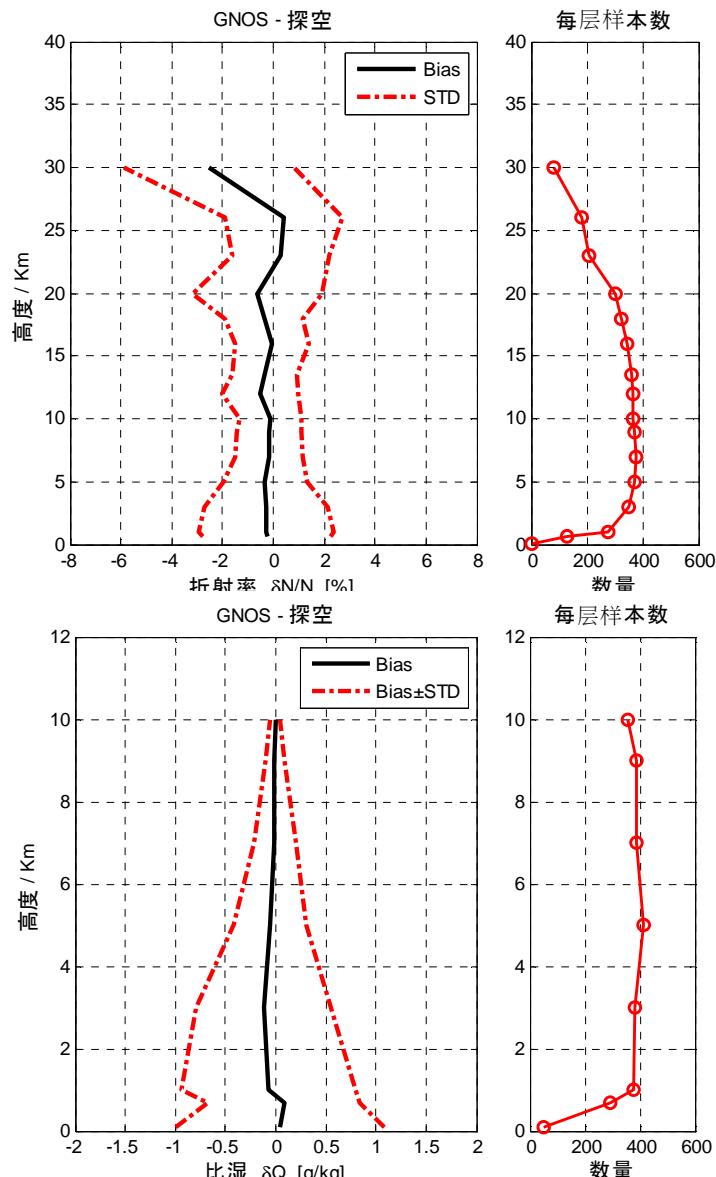
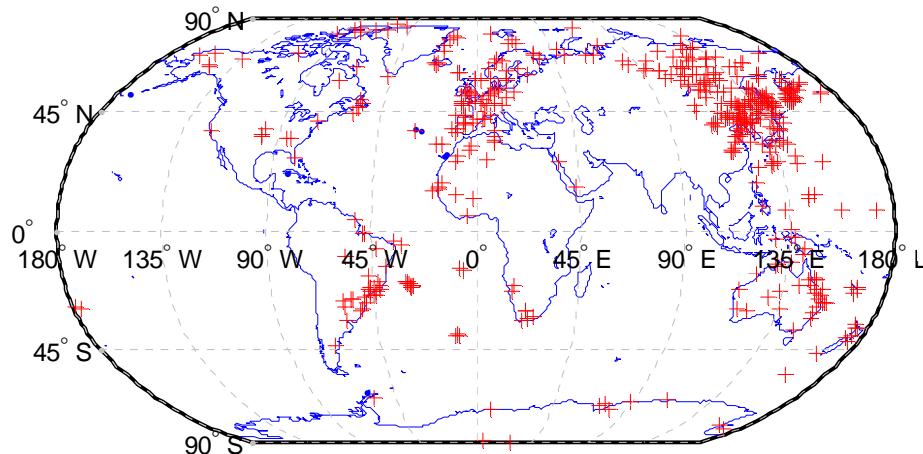
- GNOS meets the requirement of 2% (STD) below 35km

- Compare with ECMWF reanalysis
- Including GNOS/GPS, GNOS/BDS, COSMIC and METOPA/GRAS



- Exhibiting good agreement with ECMWF in terms of bias
- Reconfirming the characteristic of non-bias of radio occultation
- The most excellent sounding height of GNOS is from 5 to 30 kilometers, standard deviation is within 1%

- GNOS/GPS Temperature/Moisture validated with Radiosonde



4. Data Assimilation into NWP

Unified framework for global and regional system, the global version operation since 2009.

GRAPES forecast model

- Non-hydrostatic equations
- Terrain-following coordinate
- Arakawa-C(horizontal) and Charney Phillips(vertical) grid
- Model top at 32.5km
- Resolution $0.5^{\circ} \times 0.5^{\circ}$.

GRAPES-DVar

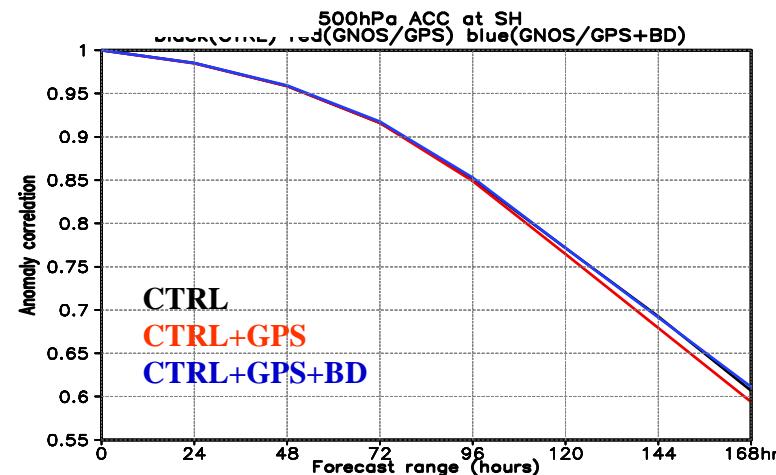
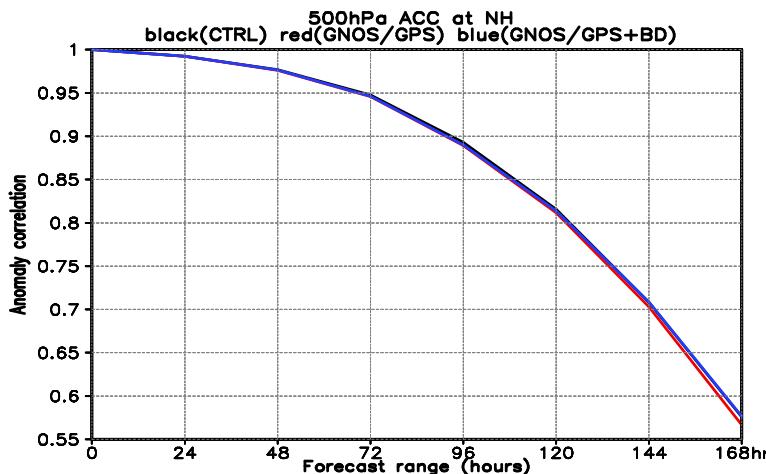
- Observations assimilated : conventional data (radiosondes, synops, ships, AMV and aircraft), GNSS RO, MODIS wind, ASCAT wind, radiances(NOAA15,16,17,18,19,METOP and FY)
- Incremental digital filter initialization

Experiment Setup

- Control experiment (configuration of global operational system)
- impact experiments (ctrl+gnos/gps, ctrl+gnos/gps+gnos/bd)
- Cycling time: 1st - 30th, November, 2013

Preliminary Forecast Impact Experiment

Impact on GRAPES Forecast Accuracy

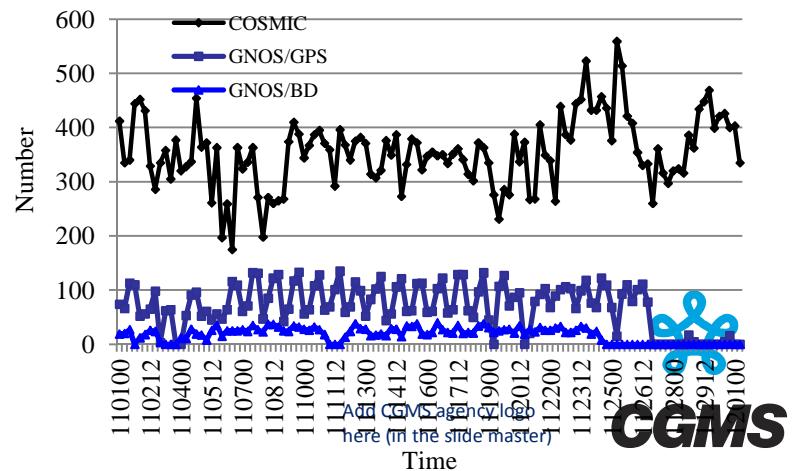


ACC scores (the higher the better) for forecast days.

GNOS data has an **neutral and positive** impacts on GRAPES analysis and forecast skill.

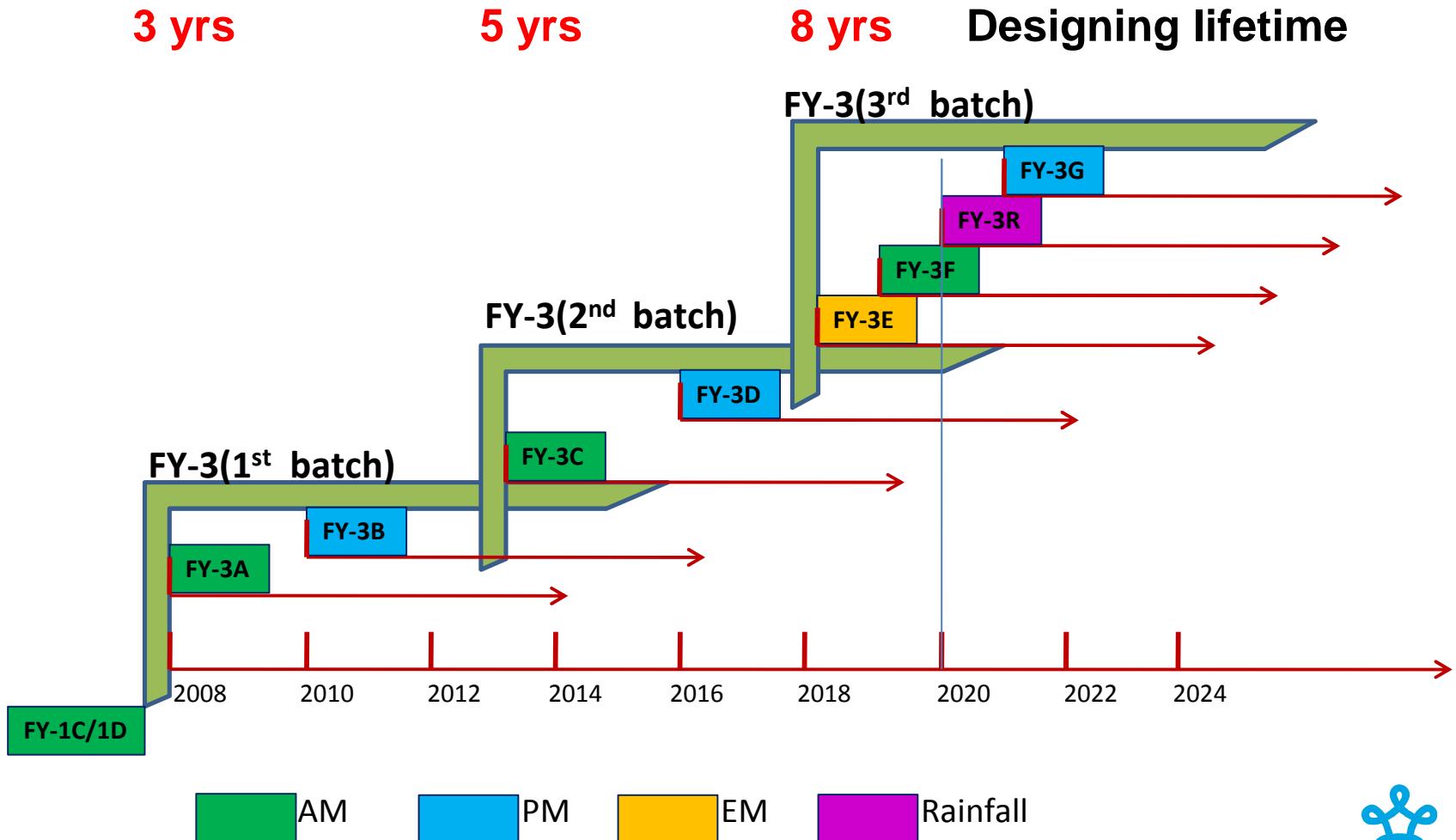
Courtesy of Liu yan (NWPC/CMA)

Number of CS RO data Assimilated per 6 hours in November



5. GNOS on FY-3 follow-on

FY-3 02 batch to 03 batch Transition



GNOS Improvement

- **Atmosphere occultation antenna**
 - Gain will be improved
- **More RO channels**
 - GPS: 6 → 8
 - BDS: 4 → 8
- **Open loop tracking for B1**

6. Summary

- Daily profiles can up to ~500 for GNOS/GPS
- GNOS/FY-3C shows good data quality during 5 – 30 km
- GNOS/F-3C data has an neutral and positive impacts on GRAPES forecast skill.
- The next instrument of GNOS on FY-3D and follow-on will be improved on antenna gain, channel number and B1 open loop tracking ability

Future Work

- More elaborated experiments on the assimilation of GNOS
- Promote operation of the occultation data from BDS
- International Cooperation