Forefather	Point made	Impact on HLPP	Summary	Possible way forward
Morgan	Keep annual face to face meetings, involving senior officials	Introduction	Vision driven by user	Policy
	and scientists/engineers. Share simple vision, driven by		perspective. Support to	statement/introduction to
	user perspective. Focus on core activities.		restructuring of CGMS	HLPP (link to users and
				applications), response to
Cata	The evenue of NIMP, inspertones to link application	Introduction	Improved to a conf NIM/D	WMO
Sato	The example of NWP: importance to link application	introduction	Importance of NWP,	Idem
	development path (enabling) to evolution of observations,		application driven	
	in a virtual circle. With possibility to measure impact	Later Later	perspective	Life
	In the next decade, try to extrapolate success story of NWP	Introduction	Weather, climate and	Idem
	to nowcasting, climate monitoring and environment		environment applications	
	applications		driving	
	Long term preservation of satellite data required in support	No	Long term data	Addressed under Climate
	of climate monitoring/reprocessing and reanalysis.		conservation	Monitoring (D)
Xu	Data distribution/sharing as a key factor to attract users	Introduction	Address all system	Policy
	and develop applications: disseminate new data without	plus E	functions, end to end,	statement/introduction to
	delay, even if not fully validated, to get feedback and	(marginally)	including dissemination.	HLPP: end to end system
	engage users		Early dissemination for new	coordination including
			systems. Data sharing	support to users.
			essential	
				Dissemination addressed in
				HLPP (E). Early
				dissemination under new
				programmes (G)
Withee	Full open communication, face to face builds trust among	No	Support to restructuring of	
	leaders and creates foundation for collaborative problem		CGMS	
	solving			
	Contingency planning will be increasingly valuable. More to	No	Contingency planning and	Contingency addressed as a
	be done in the future. Interact to assess best possible use		coordination of systems	key topic of HLPP, extended
	of residual assets			to coordination of systems
				(under A)
	Nurturing emerging satellite agencies, to bring them in.	No	Membership policy.	
			Mechanisms in place	

	Common standards, formats critical to engage users, to be defined through dialogue with users. Full and open data sharing	Introduction	Technical coordination policy. End to end down to users. Dialogue to users (policy)	Policy statement/introduction to HLPP: end to end system coordination including support to users.
	Need to have high resolution imagery on board to address climate (land use change impact). Bring relevant operators to CGMS. Move to CGES?	No. Issue to be discussed under climate agenda item	Link with CEOS to be discussed for climate	Cooperation policy, not HLPP issue
	Feed back at national level on benefits of coordination	No/marginal	Impact studies already support assessment of benefits	Reference to coordinated impact studies could be added in HLPP (A)
Hinsman & Mohr	Shared vision and trust as a key success factor. Involvement of space agency leaders as well, in inspiring face to face meetings	No	Support to CGMS restructuring	
	Global system coordination, data systems/sharing essential. See overall system as one capacity. Cal/val, products and training (with regional focus, also critical	Introduction	Coordination on end to end system (as Pr Xu) including support to users (training)	Policy statement/introduction to HLPP: end to end system coordination including support to users.
	WMO/user perspective driving: from WMO requirements to CGMS response/plan (case of Contingency)	Introduction	Response to WMO requirements	Policy statement/introduction to HLPP (link to users and applications), response to WMO
	Support to weather monitoring and climate monitoring are two top level priorities.	introduction	Policy: CGMS focus/goals. Coordination on end to end system (as Pr Xu) including support to users (training)	Top level goals/priorities to be reflected upfront in HLPP
	Need to have a hierarchy of rolling plans (5 years, 5-10 and 25 years) with the requirements review process at WMO, and have priorities reflected in HLPP	Yes	Reflect priorities and make HLPP a 5 year rolling plan.	Make HLPP a 5 year plan and restructure content to address priorities: i) ed to end system coordination (A,

Climate monitoring is new, major challenge for the next decades, and needs to be addressed end to end, including training. The Architecture is the framework, the governance for its implementation needs to be defined with CEOS. (Joint WG on Climate ?) Need to move from pilot to preoperational service, deliver more ECV	Introduction/Ye s	Reflect Climate priority in HLPP. CEOS – CGMS link, joint Climate WG to be discussed	B, E), ii) protection of systems (F, I), iii) preparation of new generation of systems (G), iv) Products and support to users (C and H) v)Climate as a special challenge (D). V) Outreach (to be added, focus) See above
Need to prepare for new satellite systems also in support of climate services (look at ECV)	Yes (marginal)	Prepare for new satellite systems	Refer to preparation for ECV in G
Look at new focus Groups	No (not a HLPP issue)		