CMA STATUS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF CGMS BEST PRACTICES IN SUPPORT TO LOCAL AND REGIONAL PROCESSING OF LEO DIRECT BROADCAST DATA

Presented to CGMS-52 CGMS-52-CMA-WP-01





STATUS OF OPERATIONAL DIRECT BROADCAST SYSTEMS

| Instrum | FY3C | FY3D | FY3E | FY3F | FY3G |
|---------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| ents | | | | | |
| MERSI | Retired | Operational | Operational | Operational | Operational |
| MWRI | Retired | Operational | Operational | Operational | Operational |
| MWHS | Operational | Operational | Operational | Operational | N/A |
| MWTS | Retired | Operational | Operational | Operational | N/A |
| IRAS | Retired | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| HIRAS | N/A | Operational | Operational | Operational | N/A |
| GNOS | Operational | Operational | Operational | Operational | Operational |





Executive summary of the WP

- ✓ BP.01 Global Specification for Direct Broadcast
- ✓ BP.02 Timely provision of Space-to-Ground Interface Control Documents
- ✓ BP.03 Provision of Current Orbit Information
- ✓ BP.04 Provision and maintenance of Product Processing software packages.
- ✓ BP.05 Provision of auxiliary data for instrument product processing
- ✓ BP.06 Recommendations of channel selection for hyperspectral instruments
- ✓ BP.07 Spacecraft and Instrument Operational Status
- ✓ BP.08 Operational Announcements
- ✓ BP.09 Satellite Direct Broadcast and Reception Station Performance Requirements
- ✓ BP.10 Monitoring of the Direct Broadcast Downlink





BP.01 Global Specification for Direct Broadcast

Operators should implement the agreed CGMS Direct Broadcast Services: LRPT/AHRPT Global Specification (Document No. CGMS 04):

https://www.cgms-

<u>info.org/documents/Direct_Broadcast_Services_LRPT_AHRPT_Global_Specification,_Issue_2_01.pdf</u>

In the document, application process layer, packetsaction layer, transfer frame layer, channel coding layer, Physical layer and their format and coding are defined.

FY3D, FY3E, FY3F & FY3G:

✓ Complaint.





BP.02 Timely provision of Space-to-Ground Interface Control Documents

CGMS operators should provide up-to-date and satellite-specific Space-to-Ground Interface Control Documents in English language at least 3 years before the launch of each satellite.

FY3D, FY3E, FY3F & FY3G:





BP.02 Timely provision of Space-to-Ground Interface Control Documents

Space-to-Ground Interface Control Documents can be directly downloaded at website.









BP.03 Provision of Current Orbit Information

CGMS operators should ensure timely provision of accurate and up-to-date orbit information based on their operational orbit determination and knowledge of satellite manoeuvres.

FY3D & FY3E:

The TLE for the FY-3 satellites are provided on the website http://satellite.nsmc.org.cn/portalsite/Satelliteinfo.aspx?satellitetype=0&usedtype=orb&satecode=FY3D¤tculture=en-US.

FY3F & FY3G

The TLE for the FY-3 satellites will be provided on the website soon http://satellite.nsmc.org.cn/portalsite/Satelliteinfo.aspx?satellitetype=0&usedtype=orb&satecode=FY3D¤tculture=en-US.





BP.03 Provision of Current Orbit Information

Format:

2005 018A 16719 231021377872 080818003047048 3344486

(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) 01012205 01014840 00008039 19150112 06585988 09875012

(6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) 16862246 07201516 P029477892 P065774914 P000000180

(12) (13) (14) (15) (16) P01010412 P01254260 P02659589 002529581 110144008 9449

(17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22) 0000500000 M00287420 P00098816 P00511107 (23) (24) (25) (26)

APT 137.50 MHZ, HRPT 1698.0 MHZ, BCN DSB 136.77 MHZ. APT DAY/NIGHT CH 2,4/3,4. VIS CH 2 /0.725 TO 1.0/ AND IR CH 4 /10.5 TO 11.5/ XMTD DURING S/C DAY. IR CH 3 /3.55 TO 3.93/ AND IR CH 4 /10.5 TO 11.5/ XMTD DURING S/C NIGHT. DCS CLK YR/DAY/TIME 1994 185 69079.016 LAST TIP CLK CORR 03/13/01 CLK ERR AFTER CORR PLUS

(27)

Explanations:

The orbital information is indicated as follows:

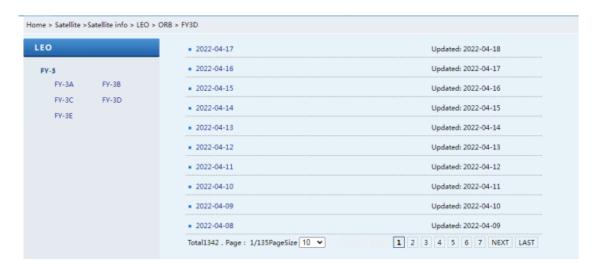
- (1) Satellite identification indicator code (international standard code)
- (2) The number of epoch tracks (the following parameters directly belong to this track)
- (3) The ascending intersection time of the above epoch track, the unit is day (cumulative days from January 1), 9 decimal places
- (4) The epoch time of the ascending intersection point is 1: 30: 47.048 seconds on August 18, 2008, 3 decimal places:
- (5) Greenwich Mean Time at epoch time, unit is degree, 4 decimal places;
- (6) Perigee period, unit is minute, 4 decimal places;
- (7) Intersection period, unit is minute, 4 decimal places;
- (8) Eccentricity, 8 decimal places;
- (9) Perigee angular distance, unit is degree, 5 decimal places;
- (10) Ascension of ascending intersection, unit is degree, 5 decimal places;
- (11) Track inclination, unit is degree, 5 decimal places;
- (12) Average ground angle, unit is degree, 5 decimal places;
- (13) Semi-long axis, unit is kilometers, 3 decimal places;
- (14), (15), (16) are represented as the X.Y.Z components of the satellite position at the epoch, the first one is the sign (P is positive, M is negative), unit kilometer, 4 decimal places;
- (17), (18), (19) are the velocity of the X.Y.Z component of the satellite position at the epoch, the first is the sign (P is positive, M is negative), unit km / s, 6 decimal places;
- (20) Emission characteristic coefficient, the unit is M2 / KG;
- (21) The first three digits and the middle three digits represent the daily daily radiation flux and the average daily radiation flux for 90 consecutive days, and the last three digits are the planetary magnetic index;
- (22) is the modulation coefficient, 4 decimal places;
- (23) Radiation pressure coefficient, 10 decimal places;
- (24) The first is the sign bit, followed by the perigee movement, unit degree / day, 5 decimal places:
- (25) The first is the sign bit, followed by the ascension movement of the ascending junction, unit degree / day, 5 decimal places;
- (26) The first is the sign bit, followed by the average rate of change of perigee at epoch time, unit degree / day, 2 decimal places;
- (27) Explanation of some application parameters of the satellite, such as the transmission frequency, the code rate of the modulated signal, the wavelength range of each channel, etc. Sometimes it also publishes satellite usage information such as satellite frequency changes and satellite malfunctions.





Coordination Group for Meteorological Satellites

BP.03 Provision of Current Orbit Information



TLEs are published in website and formats are described in the documents.

```
APT PREDICT
041737 FY3D 31437
PART I
22906 01700 02245 05887 T0152 L2538
229100 70850 29960
229141 35456 00191
229182 04101 10343
DAY PART II
02821 070604 04821 140620 06821 210637 08821 280656
10831 350676 12831 419699 14831 489726 16831 557760
18832 625792 20832 691720 22832 752594 24832 799335
26833 808895 28833 770566 30833 712408 32833 648323
NIGHT PART II
34833 580270 36833 512232 38833 443203 40833 373179
42833 303158 44833 233139 46833 163122 48833 093105
50833 023089 52838 046074 54838 116057 56838 186041
58838 256023 60848 325004 62845 395017 64845 464042
66855 533074 68855 601115 70855 667175 72855 730275
74855 784469 76855 811855 78856 789258 80856 736468
DAY PART III
82856 674574 84856 608637 86856 540680 88846 471712
90846 402738 92846 333760 94836 263779 96836 193797
2017 072A 22906 107015802175 220417002245308 2108164
01012087 01015233 00024819 06914972 05193962 09881258
29100214 07203377 P044439727 P056756746 P000000205
P01205146 P00946495 P02358276 002529581 110144008 9449
0000500000 M00286629 P00099426 P00510909
APT 137.50 MHZ, HRPT 1698.0 MHZ, BCN DSB 136.77 MHZ. APT DAY/NIGHT CH 2,4/3,4. VIS CH 2 /0.725 TO 1.0/ AND IR CH 4 /10.5 TO 11.5/ XMTD DURING 3/C DAY. IR CH 3 /3.55 TO 3.93/ AND IR CH 4 /10.5 TO 11.5/ XMTD DURING S/C NIGHT. DCS CLK YR/DAY/TIME 1994 185 69079.016
LAST TIP CLK CORR 03/13/01 CLK ERR AFTER CORR PLUS 0.2 SEC.
CLK ERR AS OF 12/31/01 MINUS 1.5. ERR RATE AS OF MINUS 5 MS/DAY(ESTIMATED). NEXT CLK CORRECTION UNKNOWN.
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BP.04 Provision and maintenance of Product Processing software packages

CGMS Operators should provide software processing package.

- a) Software packages for the relevant instruments are made available with a test version made available prior to launch and the operational version made available after end of commissioning of the satellite and as soon as feasible for the satellite operator;
- b) To enable deployment of the software packages within organisations not permitting installation of pre-compiled software, source code should be made available;
- c) Global and local product processing shall be harmonised in that brightness temperature products derived from both paths agree within tolerances that are not greater than few tenths (goal is 10%) of the respective performance requirements for bias error at a reference brightness temperature;
- d) User support and maintenance services are available for the duration of the mission;
- e) Notifications for software changes are provided to the user community;
- f) Complete and comprehensive user documentation and S/W release documentation is supplied in English language;
- g) The software installation procedure is designed to be easily executed by an untrained user;
- h) The software package is executable on a standard computer platform, typically Linux/x86-64, providing a performance compatible with the timeliness requirements defined in the Guide to DBNet (CGMS-44-WMO-WP-10);
- i) For reasons of performance, it should be possible to configure the software to process only the instruments and processing levels required locally;
- j) Test data for verifying the installation of the S/W packages are made available.





BP.04 Provision and maintenance of Product Processing software packages

FY3D:

✓ Partially compliant for source code not provided now. The Direct Broadcasting software packages are required by application. Download the FY-3 pre-processing software packages application form through the website http://satellite.nsmc.org.cn/PortalSite/StaticContent/DocumentDownload.aspx?TypeID=8

Complete the form and send it to the E-mail listed to acquire a FTP account. The SW has provided the L0 to L1 pre-processing for MERSI- II, MWTS- II, MWHS- II, MWRI, and HIRAS.

FY3E:

✓ Partially compliant for source code not provided now. FY3E's software packages is provided together with FY3D's. The SW has provided the L0 to L1 pre-processing for MERSI-LL, MWTS-Ⅲ, MWHS-Ⅱ, and HIRAS-Ⅱ.





BP.04 Provision and maintenance of Product Processing software packages

FY3F:

✓ Partially compliant for source code not provided. FY3F's software packages will be provided in Jul 2024. The SW will provide the L0 to L1 pre-processing for MERSI-III, MWTS-Ⅲ, MWHS-Ⅱ, MWRI-II and HIRAS-Ⅱ.

FY3G:

✓ Partially compliant for source code not provided. FY3G's software packages will be provided by the end of 2024. The SW will provide the L0 to L1 pre-processing for MERSI-RM, MWRI-RM.





BP.05 Provision of auxiliary data for instrument product processing

Each operator of instruments requiring auxiliary data for the product processing must make available the necessary auxiliary data on the Internet in a user-friendly and timely manner. Announcements of the availability of new auxiliary data should be issued giving the Direct Broadcast reception station operators sufficient time to update their systems.

FY3D:

✓ The auxiliary data is provided together with the software packages by FTP.

FY3E:

✓ The auxiliary data is provided together with the software packages by FTP.

FY-3F

✓ The auxiliary data will be provided together with the software packages by FTP in Jul 2024.

FY-3G

✓ The auxiliary data is provided on the website





BP.06 Recommendations of channel selection for hyperspectral instruments

Each CGMS operator of hyperspectral instrument is responsible for defining a recommended channel selection scheme for global NWP purposes. The channel selection shall be made available to DB station operators prior to the launch of the first instrument and subsequently whenever the channel selection is modified.

FY3D, FY3E and FY3F:

✓ Compliant. All the FY-3D/HIRAS geo-located and calibrated radiances are processed and delivered. The recommendation for channel selection has attached on the working paper.

FY3G:

✓ FY-3G does not have hyperspectral instruments. Not applicable.





BP.06 Recommendations of channel selection for hyperspectral instruments

```
1 channel index
2 156
3 152
4 29
5 153
6 30
7 128
8 120
9 130
10 123
11 131
12 121
13 125
14 31
15 151
16 102
17 138
18 99
19 122
20 127
21 101
22 140
23 32
24 103
25 143
26 90
```







BP.07 Spacecraft and Instrument Operational Status

Each CGMS operator to publish and maintain up to date spacecraft and instrument operational status information on the Internet. The CGMS operators should establish a scheme to review on a regular basis that the published status information is up to date.

FY3D, FY3E, FY3F & FY3G:

✓ Compliant, NSMC/CMA has maintained a website to provide the basic operational status for the spacecraft and instrument. The information is accessible from: http://www.nsmc.org.cn/nsmc/en/operation/status.html#FY-LEO.





BP.07 Spacecraft and Instrument Operational Status



Home / Satellite / Operational Status



FY LEO Satellite Operational Status

Updated: 2024-04-15 14:09:30 (Local)

| Series | Satellite | Status | ECT |
|--------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| FY-1 | FY-1A | ■ Inactive | 15:30 asc |
| | FY-1B | Inactive | 07:50 desc |
| | FY-1C | Inactive | 07:00 desc |
| | FY-1D | Inactive | 09:00 desc |
| FY-3 | FY-3A | Inactive | 09:05 desc |
| | FY-3B | Inactive | 13:40 asc |
| | FY-3C | Operational with degraded performance | 10:15 desc |
| | FY-3D | ■ Operational | 14:00 asc |
| | FY-3E | ■ Operational | 05:30 desc |
| | FY-3G | ■ Operational | Inclining orbit |
| | FY-3F | ■ In-orbit testing | 10:15 desc |
| TanSat | TANSAT | ■ Inactive | 13:30 asc |







BP.08 Operational Announcements

Each CGMS operator to announce planned operations and status changes as well as any observed degradation of the spacecraft and its instruments via e-mail and optionally via other channels

FY3D, FY3E, FY3F & FY3G:

✓ Compliant, provided on http://www.nsmc.org.cn/nsmc/en/operation/status.html#FY-LEO.





BP.08 Operational Announcements



Home / Operation / Announcements



Announcements

| 5 records | ~ | Search |
|-----------|---|--------|

A Notification on FY4A's Orbital Control

2022-04-18

The Xi'an Satellite Control Center will exercise an east-west orbital control to FY-4A from 8:16 to 8:44 April 20, 2022(UTC). During the period, ground receiving stations shall cease to receive the cloud imageries sent by FY-4A from 8:16 to 8:44(UTC). Under a normal circumstance, the imageries' positioning accuracy will see some bias within 24 hours after the orbital control. Please forgive the inconvenience caused.

A Notification on on FY-2F's Data Services End

2022-04-02

Due to the running time of rail is far beyond the design life of FY-2F, the instrument and energy have been unable to support normal business operation and relevant data can be replaced by FY-2 in orbit service satellite. After research and approval by China Meteorological Administration, NSMC is scheduled to stop the external service of FY-2F observations and products on April 1, 2022.

A Notification on FY4A's Orbital Control 2022-03-18

The Xi'an Satellite Control Center will exercise an north-south orbital control to FY-4A from 9:00 to 14:00 March 22, 2022(UTC). During the period, ground receiving stations shall cease to receive the cloud imageries sent by FY-4A from 9:00 to 14:00(UTC). Under a normal circumstance, the imageries' positioning accuracy will see some bias within 24 hours after the orbital control. Please forgive the inconvenience caused.

A Notification on FY2G's Orbital Control

2022-02-25

The Xi'an Satellite Control Center will exercise an east-west orbital control to FY-2G from 8:30 to 9:30 February 28, 2022(UTC). During the period, ground receiving stations shall cease to receive the cloud imageries sent by FY-2G at 9:00 (UTC). Under a normal circumstance, the imageries' positioning accuracy will see some bias within 24 hours after the orbital control. Please forgive the inconvenience caused.

/news/index.html





Coordination Group for Meteorological Satellites

BP.09 Satellite Direct Broadcast and Reception Station Performance Requirements

- When planning, designing, and developing satellite Direct Broadcast (DB) downlink capabilities, the CGMS agencies will strive to minimize, when possible, negative impacts on the DB community by communicating with manufacturers and users; coordinating with the other CGMS agencies; and considering these potential impacts during the CGMS agency's decision-making process.
- The performance of the satellite's DB X-Band (7.8 GHz, ITU MetSat Band) downlink should be sufficient for nominal data reception at any reception station within the satellite's footprint at elevations above 5 degrees and a G/T value of at least 21.20 dB/K. The calculation of the satellite DB performance shall include an allocation of at least 7.05 dB for reception station losses, rain and atmospheric losses, and link budget margin. The G/T is defined at the input of the IF receiver, at 5 degree antenna elevation and clear sky conditions.
- A reception station operator may be required to establish a reception station with additional performance margin to account for local conditions, including climate, RF interference or the impact of an antenna radome.





BP.09 Satellite Direct Broadcast and Reception Station Performance Requirements

FY3D, FY3F & FY3G:

Compliant, provided in the FY-3D space-to-ground interface document.

http://satellite.nsmc.org.cn/PortalSite/StaticContent/DocumentDownload.aspx?TypeID=14
See Appendix A for the link budget.

FY3E:

Compliant, provided in the FY-3E space-to-ground interface document. http://satellite.nsmc.org.cn/PortalSite/StaticContent/DocumentDownload.aspx?TypeID=14
See Appendix B for the link budget. The Link Budget assumes a reception station G/T value of 22.7 dB/K as defined in BP.09. The reception station losses (a), (c), (d), (e) rain and atmospheric losses (b), and link budget margin (f) add up to 6.56 dB, giving a negative of 0.59 dB relative to the 7.05 dB defined in BP.09 and sufficient for nominal data reception at any reception station within the satellite's footprint at elevations above 5 degrees.





Appendix A Link Budget Table for FY3D Direct Broadcasting

| FY-3D DB Link Budget | | | | |
|---|----------|--------------|--|--|
| Parameter | Unit | Design Value | Source | |
| Frequency | GHz | 7820 | FY-3D Space to Ground ICD | |
| Satellite EIRP | dBW | 19.92 | FY-3D Space to Ground ICD | |
| Propagation Path Length | Km | 2848.77 | Alt=831 Km, Elev Angle=5° | |
| Free Space Loss | dB | 179.40 | Alt-031 km, Elev Angle-3 | |
| Polarisation Loss (a) | dB | 1.00 | FY-3D Space to Ground ICD | |
| 1 014115411011 2000 (4) | G.B | 4.50 | 11 32 space to distantiles | |
| | | | | |
| Rain & Atmospheric Loss (b) | dB | | FY-3D Space to Ground ICD | |
| Multipath Loss (c) | dB | 0.20 | FY-3D Space to Ground ICD | |
| | | 0.50 | | |
| Ground Antenna Pointing Loss (d) | dB | | FY-3D Space to Ground ICD | |
| | | 22.70 | FY-3D Space to Ground ICD antenna Diameter: | |
| Ground Station G/T | dB/K | | 3M | |
| Boltzmann's Constant | dBW/Hz-K | -228.60 | | |
| DATA CHANNEL (QPSK) | | | | |
| Data Power/No | dBm/Hz | 85.62 | | |
| | | 77.78 | | |
| | | | 60 Mbps with Reed Solomon (255/223) + | |
| Information Rate | dB-Hz | | Convolutional rate 3/4 | |
| Available Eb/No | dB | 7.84 | FY-3D Space to Ground ICD | |
| | | 6.4 | | |
| Required Eb/No for 10 ⁻⁶ FER | dB | | FY-3D Space to Ground ICD | |
| Implementation Loss (e) | dB | 1.8 | FY-3D Space to Ground ICD | |
| | | -0.36 | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | The reception station losses (a), (c), (d), (e) rain | |
| | | | and atmospheric losses (b), and link budget | |
| | | | margin (f) add up to 6.46 dB, giving a positive | |
| | | | margin of 0.59 dB relative to the 7.05 dB defined | |
| | | | in BP.09 and sufficient for nominal data | |
| | | | reception at any reception station within the | |
| | | | satellite's footprint at elevations above 5 | |
| Available Signal Margin (f) | dB | | degrees. | |





Appendix B Link Budget Table for FY3E Direct Broadcasting

| Parameter | Unit | Design Value | Source |
|---|----------|--------------|---|
| Frequency | MHz | 7860 | FY-3E Space to Ground ICD |
| Satellite EIRP | dBW | 19.92 | FY-3ESpace to Ground ICD |
| Propagation Path Length | Km | 2846.00 | Alt=831 Km, Elev Angle=5° |
| Free Space Loss | dB | 179.50 | |
| Polarisation Loss (a) | dB | 1.00 | FY-3E Space to Ground ICD |
| Rain & Atmospheric Loss (b) | dB | 4.50 | FY-3E Space to Ground ICD |
| Multipath Loss (c) | dB | 0.20 | FY-3E Space to Ground ICD |
| Ground Antenna Pointing Loss (d) | dB | 0.50 | FY-3E Space to Ground ICD |
| Ground Station G/T | dB/K | 22.70 | FY-3E Space to Ground ICD antenna Diameter: 3M |
| Boltzmann's Constant | dBW/Hz-K | -228.60 | |
| DATA CHANNEL (QPSK) | | | |
| Data Power/No | dBm/Hz | 85.52 | |
| Information Rate | dB-Hz | 78.86 | 77MHz, after Reed Solomon (255/223) + Convolutional rate 3/4 |
| Available Eb/No | dB | 6.66 | FY-3E Space to Ground ICD |
| Required Eb/No for 10 ⁻⁶ FER | dB | 6.4 | FY-3E Space to Ground ICD |
| Implementation Loss (e) | dB | 1.8 | FY-3E Space to Ground ICD |
| Available Signal Margin (f) | dВ | -1.54 | The reception station losses (a), (c), (d), (e) rain and atmospheric losses (b), and link budget margin (f) add up to 6.46 dB, giving a negative of 0.59 dB relative to the 7.05 dB defined in BP.09 and sufficient for nominal data reception at any reception station within the satellite's footprint at elevations above 5 degrees. |





Appendix B Link Budget Table for FY3F Direct Broadcasting

| Parameter | Unit | Design Value | Source |
|----------------------------------|----------|--------------|--|
| Frequency | MHz | 7790 | FY-3F Space to Ground ICD |
| Satellite EIRP | dBW | 20.12 | FY-3F Space to Ground ICD |
| Propagation Path Length | Km | 2848.7 | Alt=831 Km, Elev Angle=5° |
| Free Space Loss | dB | -179.36 | |
| Polarisation Loss (a) | dB | -1.5 | FY-3F Space to Ground ICD |
| Rain & Atmospheric Loss (b) | dB | -4.5 | FY-3F Space to Ground ICD |
| Multipath Loss (c) | dB | -0.3 | FY-3F Space to Ground ICD |
| Ground Antenna Pointing Loss (d) | dB | -1 | FY-3F Space to Ground ICD |
| Ground Station G/T | dB/K | 22.7 | FY-3F Space to Ground ICD antenna Diameter: 3M |
| Boltzmann's Constant | dBW/Hz-K | -228.6 | |
| DATA CHANNEL (QPSK) | | | |
| Data Power/No | dBm/Hz | 84.75 | |
| Information Rate | dB-Hz | 77.03 | 77 Mbps with Reed Solomon (255/223) + Convolutional rate 3/4 |
| Available Eb/No | dB | 7.72 | FY-3F Space to Ground ICD |
| Required Eb/No for 10-6FER | dB | 5.4 | FY-3F Space to Ground ICD |
| Implementation Loss (e) | dB | -2.5 | FY-3E Space to Ground ICD |
| Available Signal Margin (f) | dB | -0.17 | The reception station losses (a), (c), (d), (e) rain and atmospheric losses (b), and link budget margin (f) add up to 9.62 dB, giving a positive margin of 2.57 dB relative to the 7.05 dB defined in BP.09 and sufficient for nominal data reception at any reception station within the satellite's footprint at elevations above 5 degrees. |





Appendix B Link Budget Table for FY3F Direct Broadcasting

| Parameter | Unit | Design Value | Source |
|----------------------------------|----------|--------------|--|
| Frequency | MHz | 7790 | FY-3G Space to Ground ICD |
| Satellite EIRP | dBW | 14.8 | FY-3G Space to Ground ICD |
| Propagation Path Length | Km | 1823.79 | Alt=407 Km, Elev Angle=5° |
| Free Space Loss | dB | -175.49 | |
| Polarisation Loss (a) | dB | -1.5 | FY-3G Space to Ground ICD |
| Rain & Atmospheric Loss (b) | dB | -4.5 | FY-3G Space to Ground ICD |
| Multipath Loss (c) | dB | -0.3 | FY-3G Space to Ground ICD |
| Ground Antenna Pointing Loss (d) | dB | -1 | FY-3G Space to Ground ICD |
| Ground Station G/T | dB/K | 22.7 | FY-3G Space to Ground ICD antenna Diameter: 3M |
| Boltzmann's Constant | dBW/Hz-K | -228.6 | |
| DATA CHANNEL (QPSK) | | | |
| Data Power/No | dBm/Hz | 83.30 | |
| Information Rate | dB-Hz | 68.96 | 12 Mbps with Reed Solomon (255/223) + Convolutional rate 3/4 |
| Available Eb/No | dB | 14.34 | FY-3G Space to Ground ICD |
| Required Eb/No for 10-6FER | dB | 5.4 | FY-3G Space to Ground ICD |
| Implementation Loss (e) | dB | -2.5 | FY-3G Space to Ground ICD |
| Available Signal Margin (f) | dB | 6.44 | The reception station losses (a), (c), (d), (e) rain and atmospheric losses (b), and link budget margin (f) add up to 16.25 dB, giving a positive margin o9.2 dB relative to the 7.05 dB defined in BP.09 and sufficient for nominal data reception at any reception station within the satellite's footprint at elevations above 5 degrees. |





BP.10 Monitoring of the Direct Broadcast Downlink

Operators of satellites with DB should routinely monitor the quality of the DB downlink and address any anomalies in accordance with each organization's established procedures, and notify users of degraded performance. Monitoring should include:

- a) For each satellite, during the six months following DB signal activation, a validation that nominal reception is possible for a DB reception station anywhere within the footprint of the satellite DB antenna by acquiring all passes at an elevation of 5 degrees or more above the local horizon throughout a full satellite ground track repeat cycle. Nominal reception implies a positive link budget margin as well as the signal and data quality parameters defined under d) and e) below, being in their nominal range for a reception station corresponding to the minimum requirements of BP.09;
- b) During at least one pass per day for each satellite, monitoring of the signal quality parameters and the data quality parameters, as defined under d) and e) below respectively, for the part of the pass which is at an elevation of 5 degrees or more above the local horizon;
- c) During at least one pass per day for each satellite, monitoring of the data quality parameter degradation, attributable to frames or packets discarded or degraded on the spacecraft, prior to transmission to the ground;

Where

- a) Signal quality parameters should include receive signal strength, signal to noise ratio, spectral power distribution, and carrier, bit and frame lock statistics; and
- b) Data quality parameters should include discarded frames and packets (failing error free decoding/reconstruction), missing frames and packets (calculated from measured frame and packet sequence counters), bad lengths (frame or packet out of tolerance length), and sequence errors (frame or packet detected gaps/sequence error) per Virtual Channel Identifier (VCID) for frames and Application Process Identifier (APID) for packets.

Coordination Group for Meteorological Satellites



BP.10 Monitoring of the Direct Broadcast Downlink

FY3D, FY3E, FY3F, FY3G:

✓ For a), partially compliant. Ground Stations in Jiamusi, Guangzhou and Urumqi use 12-meter antenna to receive MPT. b) through e) partially compliant. Signal and data quality are monitored automatically but the quality information are not published in website or broadcasted.



